

# 3D HEART MODELING

YOUR STRUCTURAL HEART 3DPRINTED SOLUTION

PAR CE QUE LA REUSSITE DES VOS PROCEDURES INTERVENTIONNELLES NOUS IMPORTE



*Translational medicine*

# Medical three-dimensional printing opens up new opportunities in cardiology and cardiac surgery

Thomas Bartel<sup>1\*</sup>, Andrew Rivard<sup>2</sup>, Alejandro Jimenez<sup>1</sup>, Carlos A. Mestres<sup>1</sup>, and Silvana Müller<sup>3</sup>

improved visualization for procedural planning, but provides substantial information on the accuracy of surgical reconstruction and device implantations. Peri-procedural 3D printing has the potential to set standards of quality assurance and individualized healthcare in cardiovascular

Advanced percutaneous and surgical procedures in structural and congenital heart disease require precise pre-procedural planning and continuous quality control. Although current imaging modalities and post-processing software assists with peri-procedural guidance, their capabilities for spatial conceptualization remain limited in two- and three-dimensional representations. In contrast, 3D printing offers not only improved visualization for procedural planning, but provides substantial information on the accuracy of surgical reconstruction and device implantations. Peri-procedural 3D printing has the potential to set standards of quality assurance and individualized healthcare in cardiovascular medicine and surgery. Nowadays, a variety of clinical applications are available showing how accurate 3D computer reformatting and physical 3D printouts of native anatomy, embedded pathology, and implants are and how they may assist in the development of innovative therapies. Accurate imaging of pathology including target region for intervention, its anatomic features and spatial relation to the surrounding structures is critical for selecting optimal approach and evaluation of procedural results. This review describes clinical applications of 3D printing, outlines current limitations, and highlights future implications for quality control, advanced medical education and training.

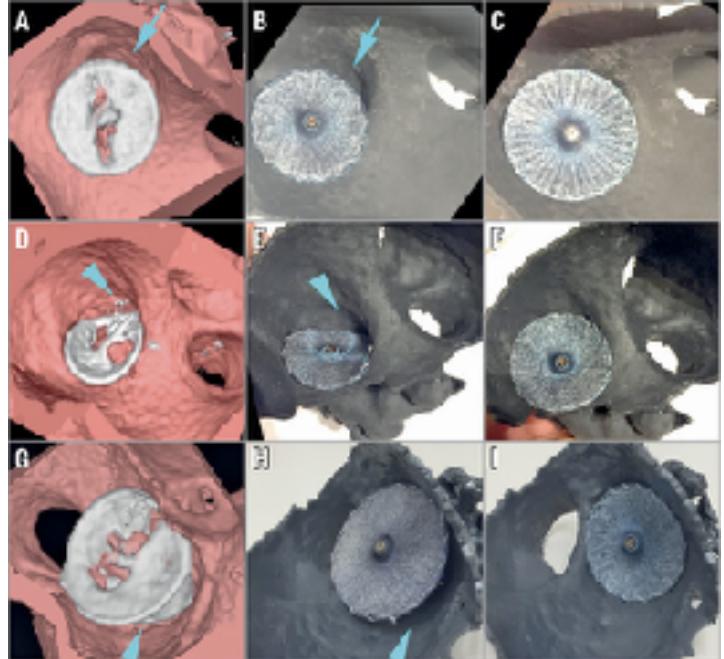
**Keywords**

3D printing • Structural heart disease • Congenital heart disease • Cardiac surgery • Interventional cardiology

*PAR CE QUE LA REUSSITE DES VOS PROCEDURES INTERVENTIONNELLES NOUS IMPORTE*

**WHO ARE WE?**





### Stereolithography 3D Printer

## Left atrial appendage occlusion simulation based on three-dimensional printing: new insights into outcome and technique



Vlad Ciobotaru<sup>1\*</sup>, MD; Nicolas Combes<sup>2</sup>, MD; Claire A Martin<sup>3,4</sup>, MD, PhD; Eloi Marijon<sup>5</sup>, MD; Eric Maupas<sup>1</sup>, MD; Augustin Bortone<sup>1</sup>, MD; Eric Bruguière<sup>2</sup>, MD; Jean-Benoit Thambo<sup>3</sup>, MD, PhD; Emmanuel Teiger<sup>6</sup>, MD, PhD; Pénélope Pujadas-Berthault<sup>1</sup>, MD; Julien Ternacle<sup>4</sup>, MD; Xavier Iriart<sup>5</sup>, MD

*1. Hôpital Privé «Les Franciscaines», Nîmes, France; 2. Pediatric and Adult Congenital Heart Disease Department, Clinique Pasteur, Toulouse, France; 3. CHU Bordeaux, Bordeaux, France; 4. Papworth Hospital NHS Trust, Cambridge, United Kingdom; 5. Hospital Georges Pompidou, IIEGP, Paris, France; 6. CIIU Henri Mondor, Créteil, France*

76 patients (21 patients prospective)  
4 centres

	Group 1 Conventional imaging N=55	Group 2 Conventional imaging+3D printed model N=21	p-value
Peri-device leaks	15 (27%)	1 (5%)	0.006
Off-axis	14 (25%)	1 (5%)	0.010
Devices per procedure	1.20	1.05	0.047
Failed implantation	1	0	NS
Fluoroscopy dose (mGy·cm <sup>2</sup> )	7,291 (1,811-12,734)	1,978 (1,548-4,800)	0.029
Fluoroscopy time (min)	19 (13.4-23)	13.5 (11.1-15)	0.012
Sizing changed by 3D-printed model <sup>a</sup>	17 (31%)	8 (38%)	0.75
Puncture site oriented alternatively to postero-inferior as per 3D-printed model	18 (33%)	10 (47%)	0.35
Data presented as median (interquartile range). *Clinical decision would have changed in Group 1 if 3D model sizing had been applied.			

# « LAA-Print Registry »

**ClinicalTrials.gov PRS**  
Protocol Registration and Results System



<u>Unique Protocol ID:</u> *	RECHMPL17_0230
<u>Brief Title:</u> *	<i>Use lay language.</i> Left Atrial Appendage Occlusion Guided by 3D printing
<u>Acronym:</u>	LAA-Print registry
<u>Official Title:</u> *	National Longitudinal Registry for Mid-Term Clinical Outcome And Procedure Efficacy Evaluation In Using A Novel Preprocedural Planning Method For Left Atrial Appendage Occlusion Guided By 3D Printing
<u>Study Type:</u> *	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Observational      Supported by : Boston, Philips, <input type="checkbox"/> Interventional <input type="checkbox"/> Expanded access region Occitanie, AG2R fondation

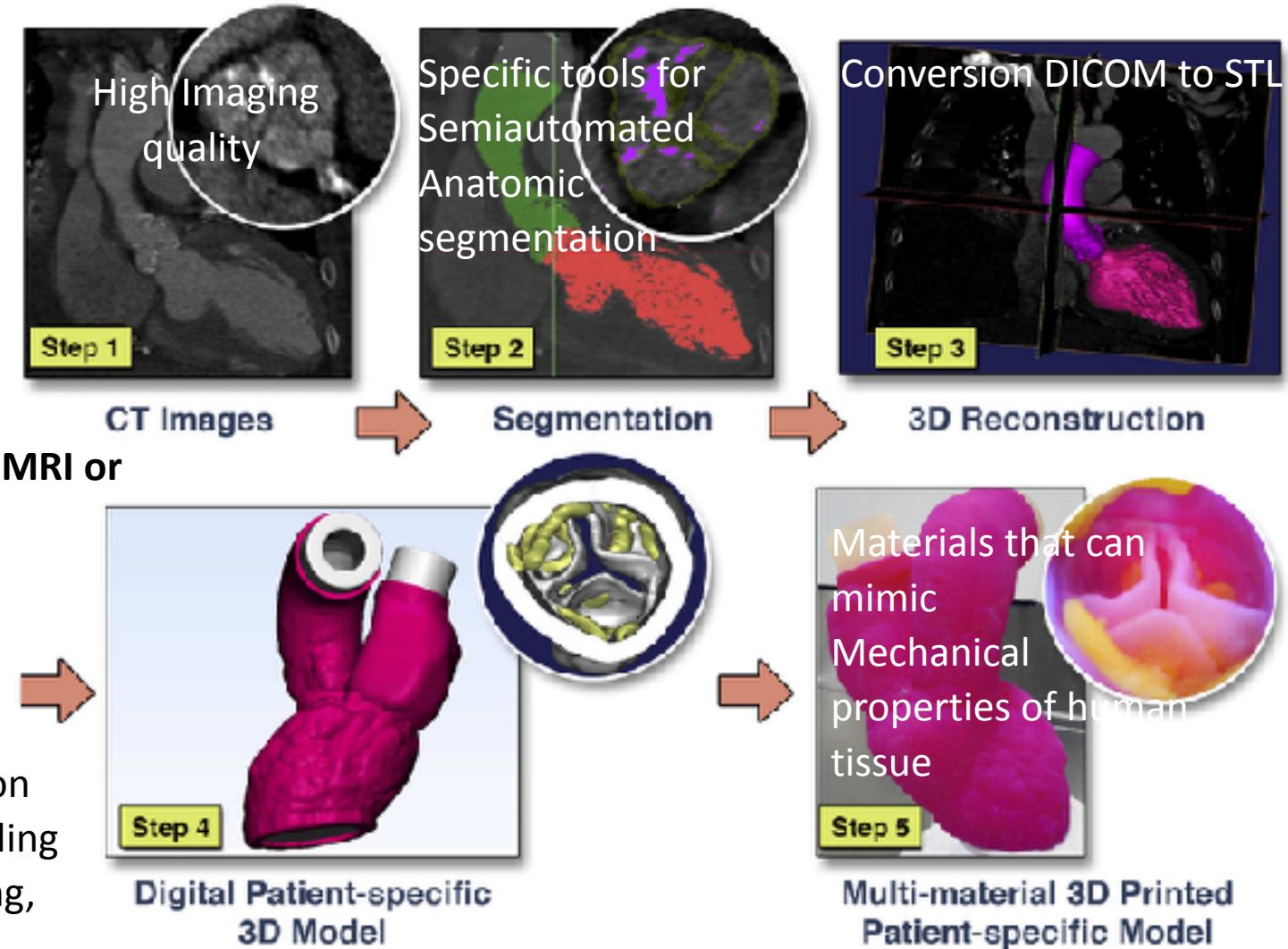


- First **prospective study** evaluating 3D printing in structural heart (LAAC)
- Large (>200patients), **multicentric** , (16 centres)
- Clinical aim: to predict procedural risk
- to Improve Safety: by decreasing operating time and complications

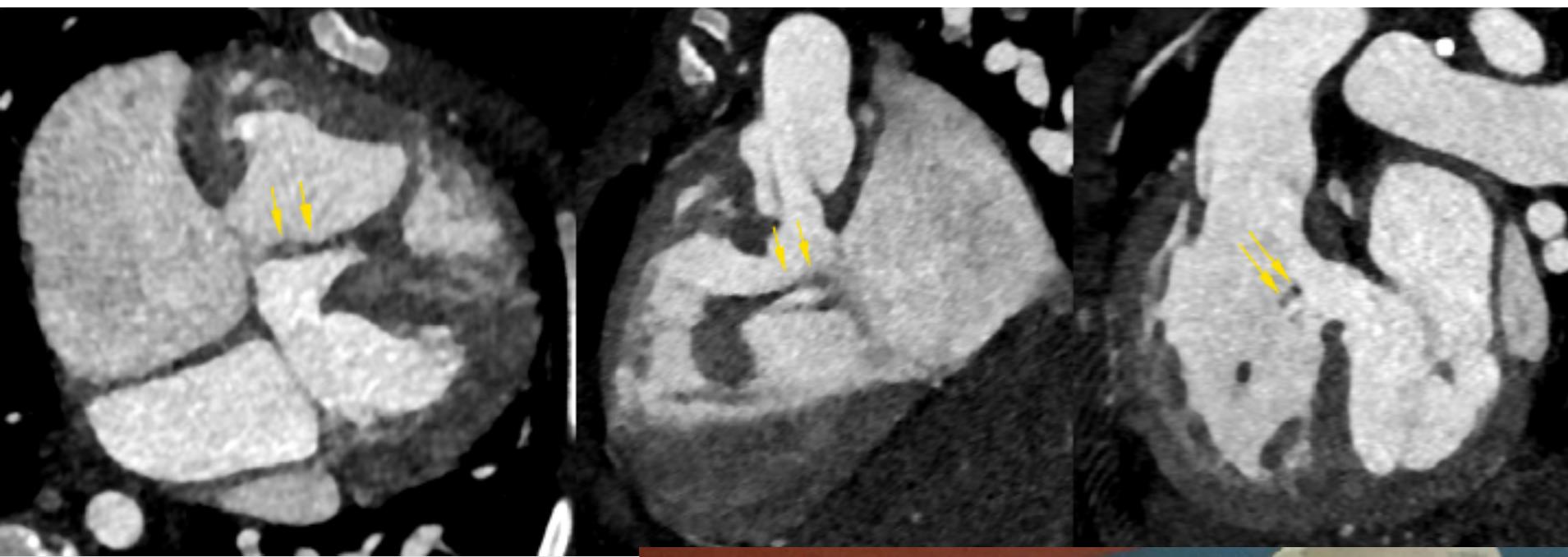




Signal  
intensity  
Contrast  
Spatial  
resolution



# *CASE STUDIES*



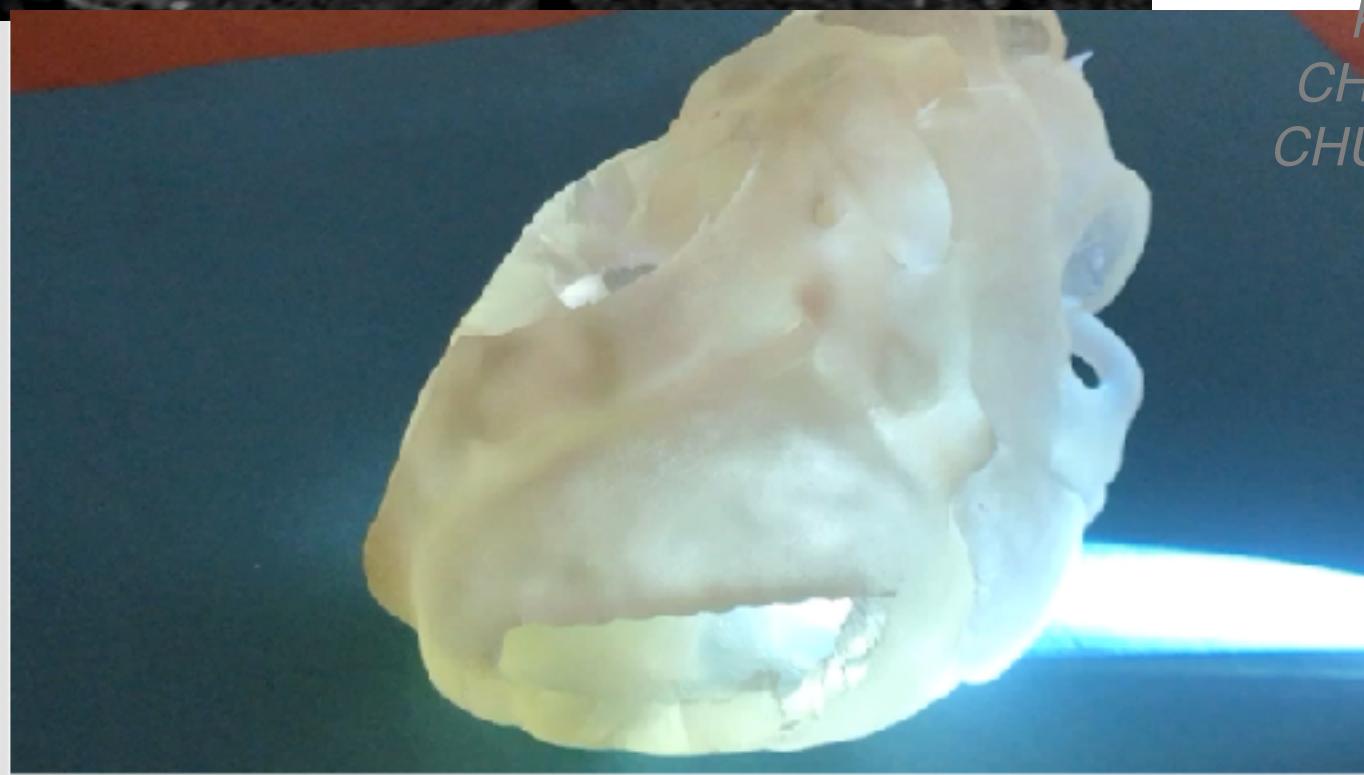
Après atriotomie droite  
**INSPECTION**

**Distance tricuspine-AP suffisante**  
**Pas d'anomalie valvulaire AV**

**TUNNELISATION POSSIBLE +**  
**Elargissement CIV**  
**RESULTAT :**  
**Voies de sortie OK**

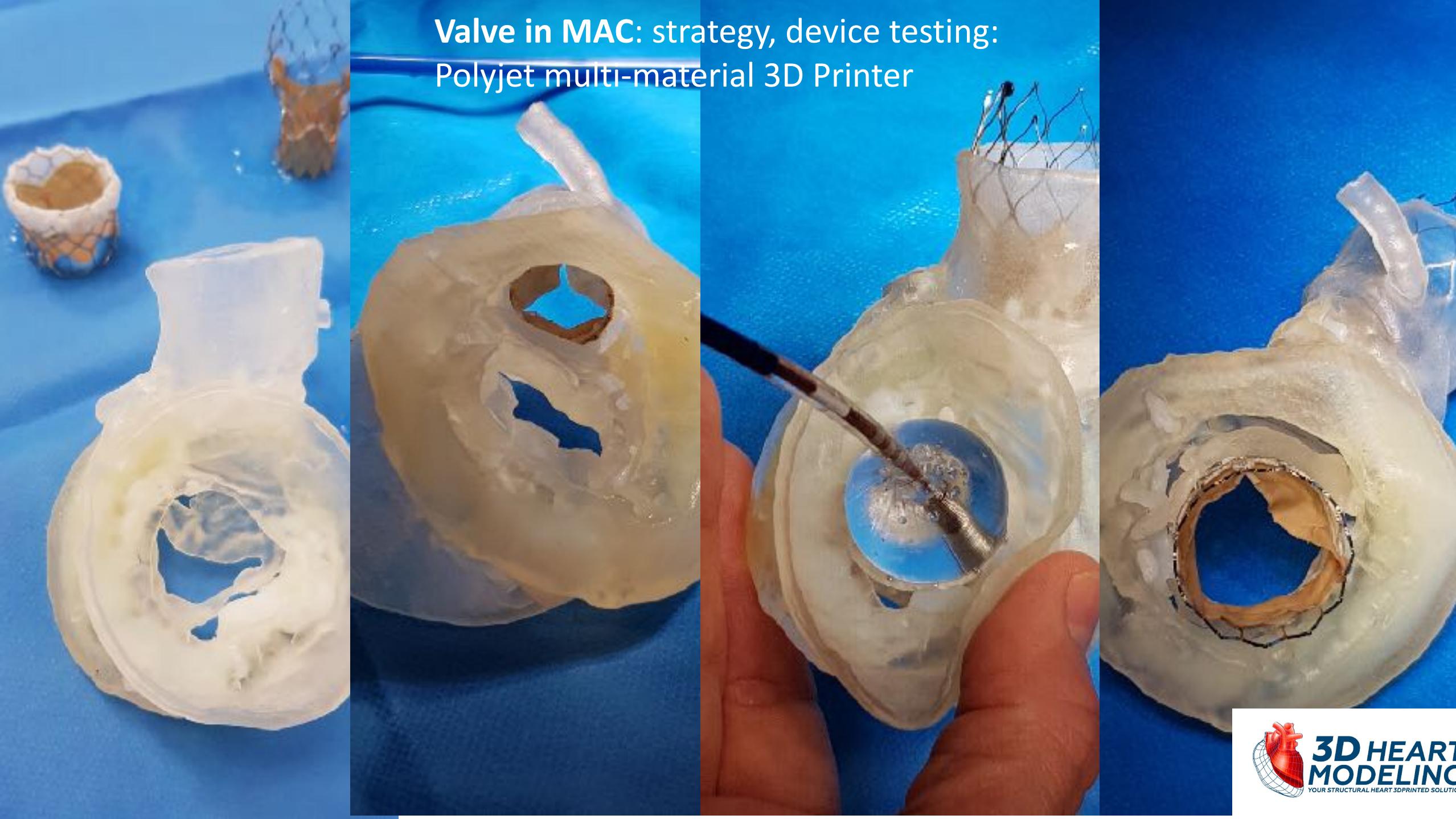
*A Metras, E Fournier, N Tafer, X Iriart, F Roubertie, LA Arsac, B Kreitmann*

*CHU Bordeaux*  
*CHU La Réunion*

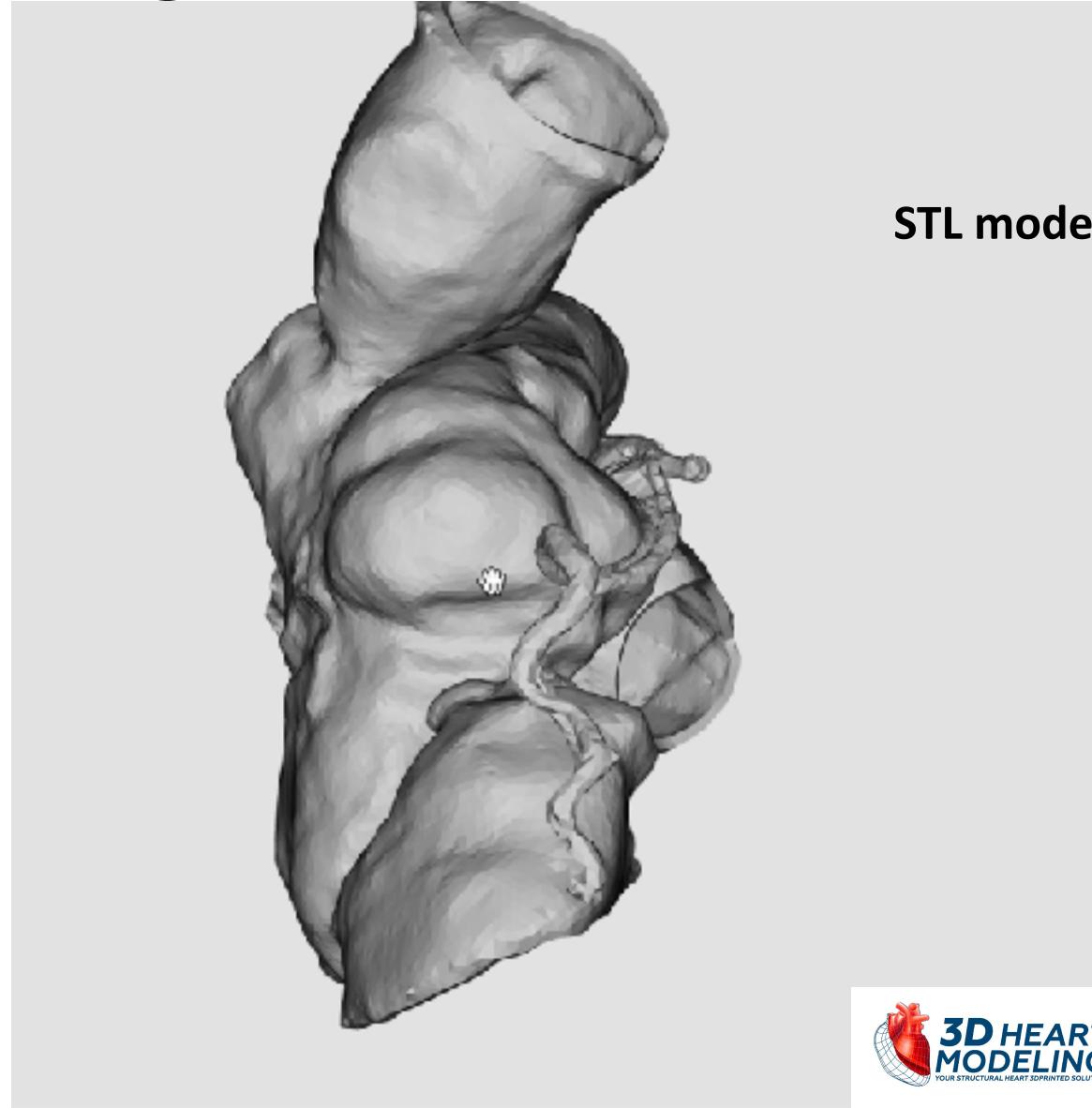


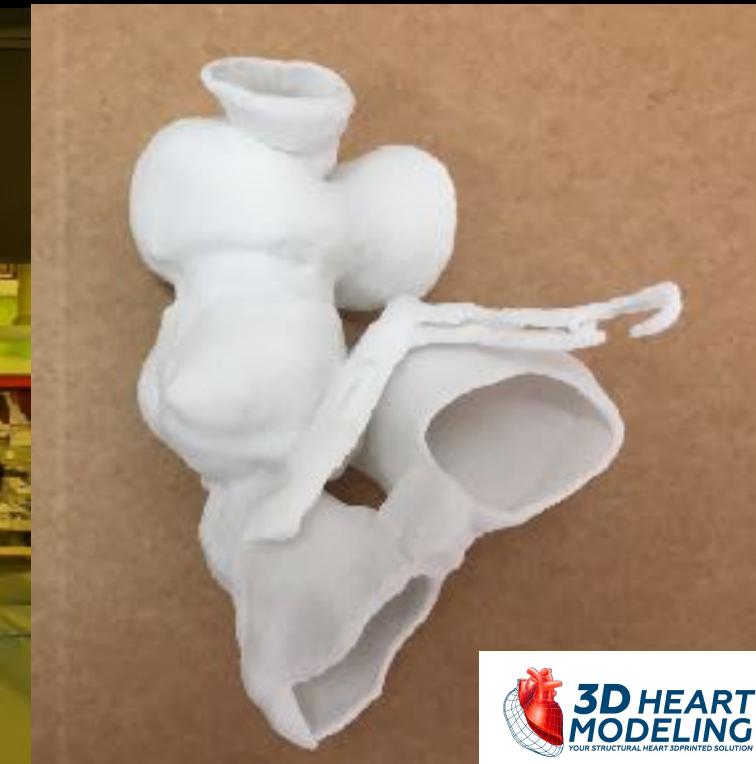
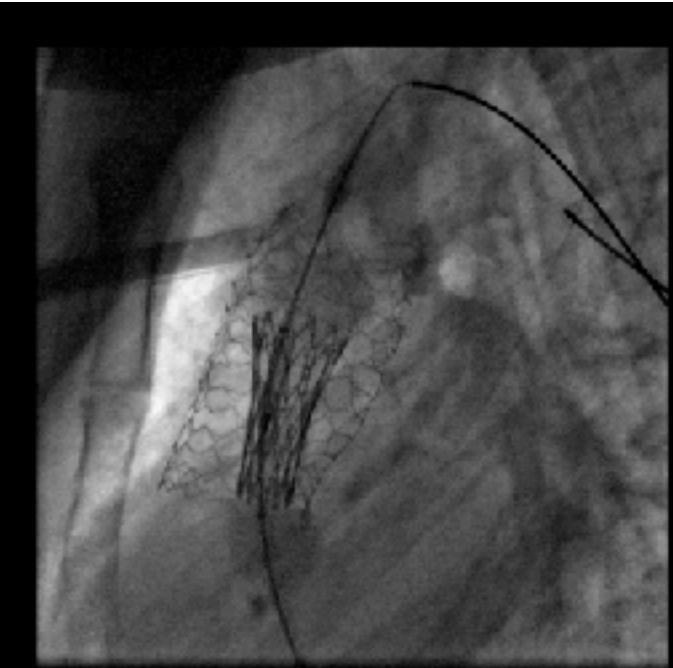
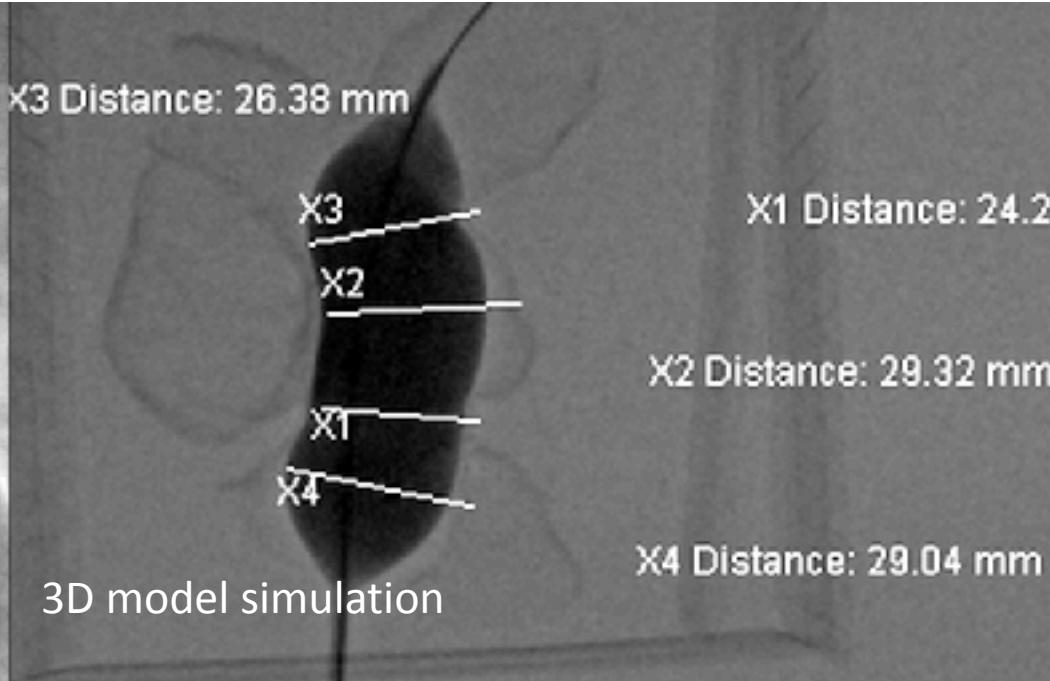
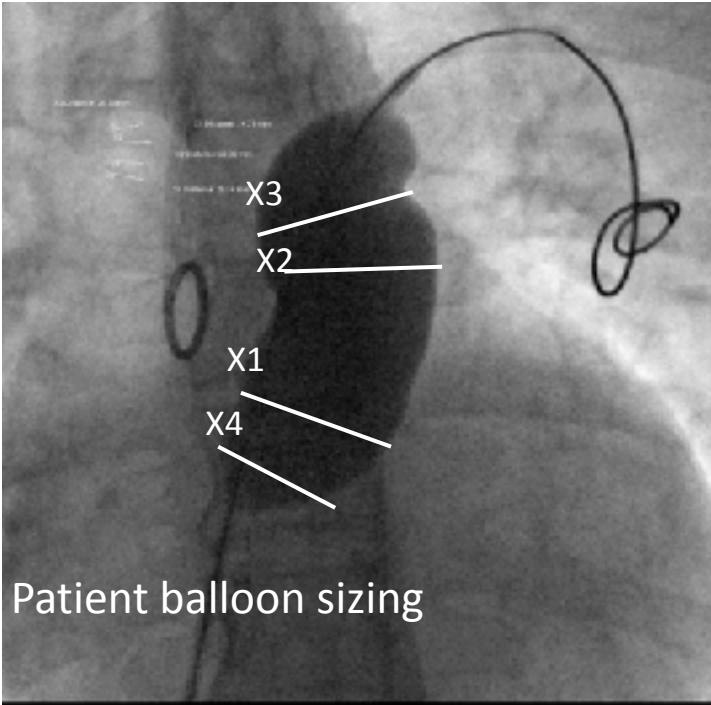
Journées d'automne  
2018  
Société Française de  
Chirurgie  
Thoracique

**Valve in MAC: strategy, device testing:  
Polyjet multi-material 3D Printer**



# Percutaneous pulmonary valve implantation in large right ventricular outflow tract





Dr S Hascoet Hospital MLLG

Data from "Pulmonary-Print» registry/ ABSTRACT submitted FCPC2019 Tours

30 Nov, 2018 / 9:31:51:58

VEINES ET AURICULE /Cardiaque

Serios 407 - Slice 1

Slice Pos: 142.7 mm

WL 404

PHILIPS

R

404

PHILIPS

Philips Portal  
Philips, IntelliSpace Portal  
Thickness 0.60 mm  
Zoom 1.00  
**Contrast**

CARDIO

X8-2t

8Hz

9.1cm

Live 3D

2D / 3D

S: 27 / 36

C: 50 / 20

Car

Coulo

10.5

Batem. 3D 1



FC: 53

TIS0.5 MI 0.2

MAM4

-50

0

50

80

110

140

170

200

230

260

290

320

350

380

410

440

470

500

530

560

590

620

650

680

710

740

770

800

830

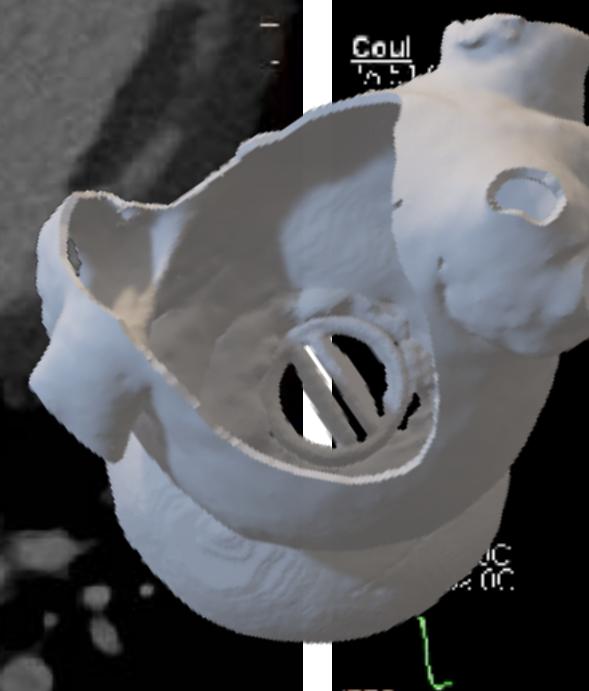
860

900

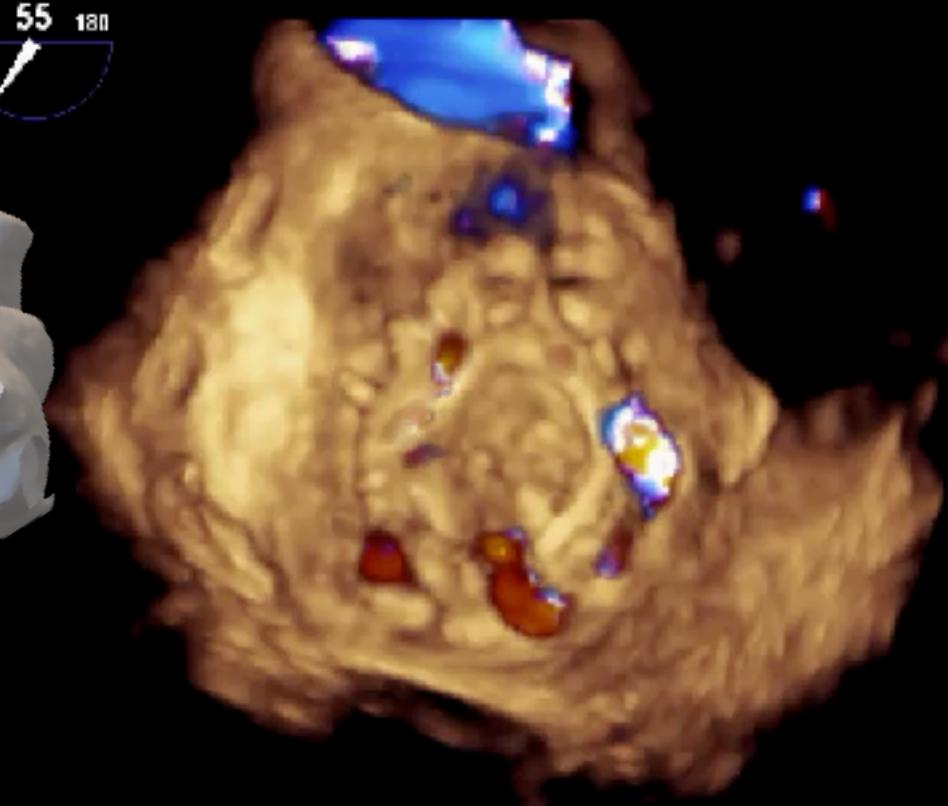
930

960

990



JPEG



53 bpm  
09-oct-2018 11:29

CT pre-procedural

Modified protocol

High spatial resolution: pitch, FOV, reduce metal artefact

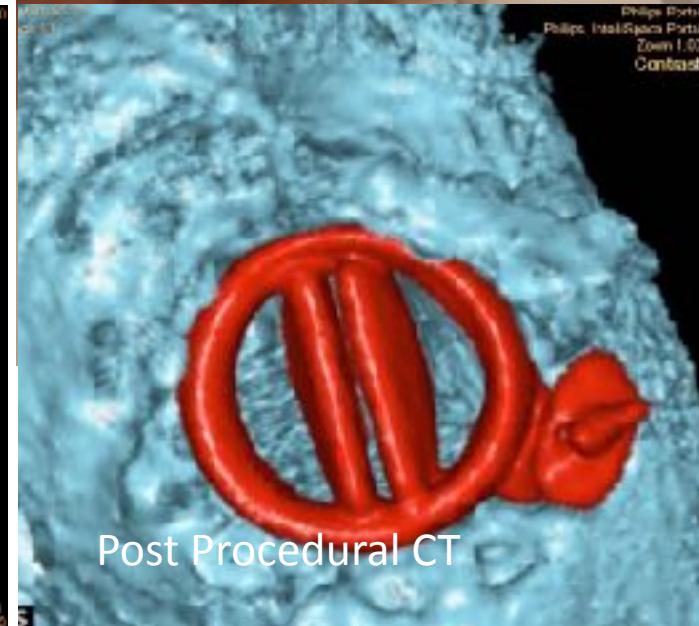
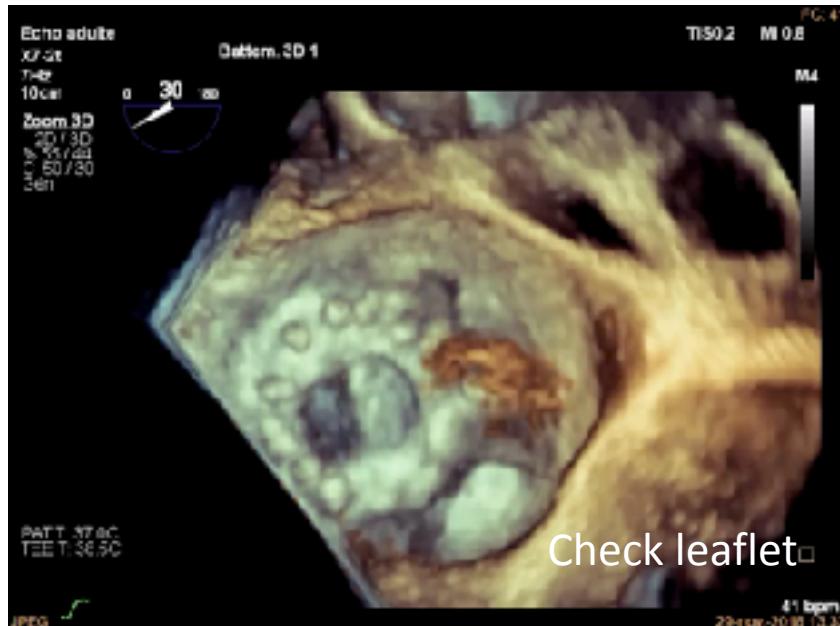
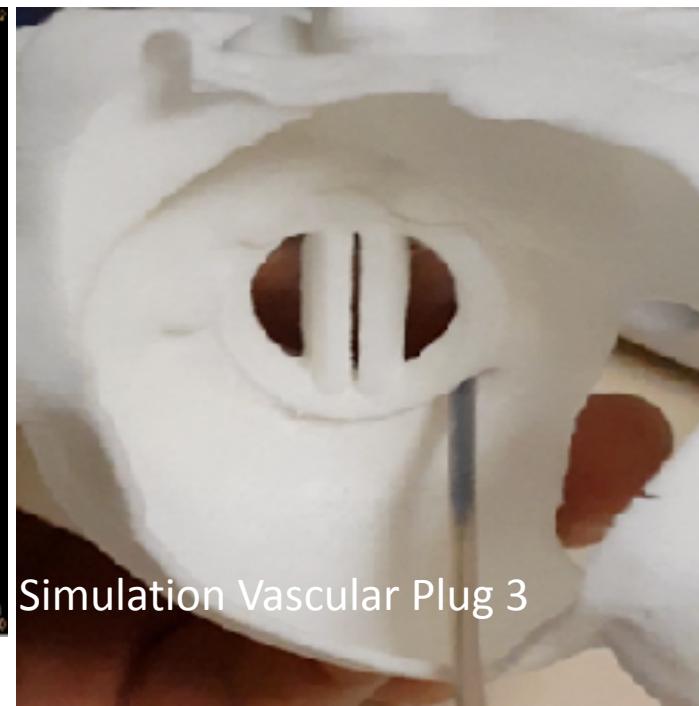
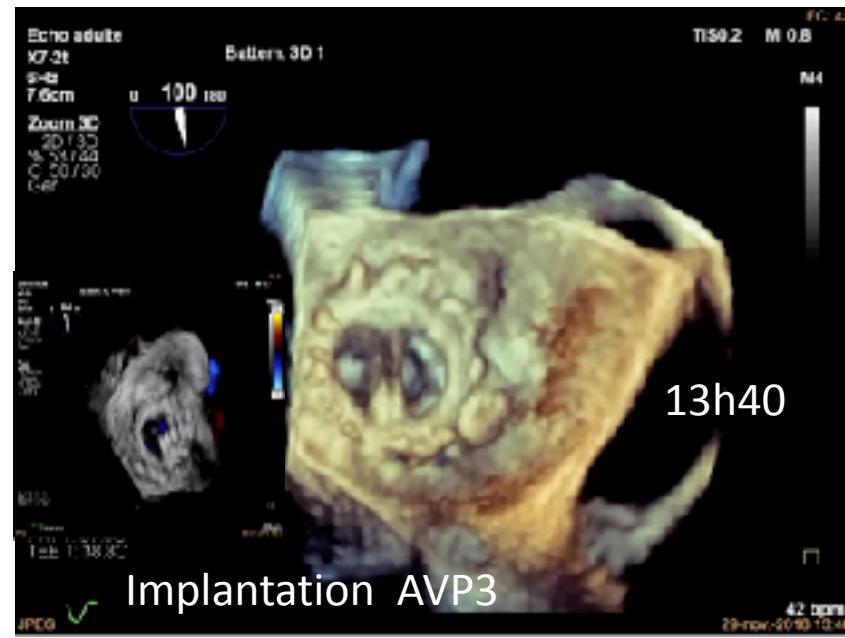
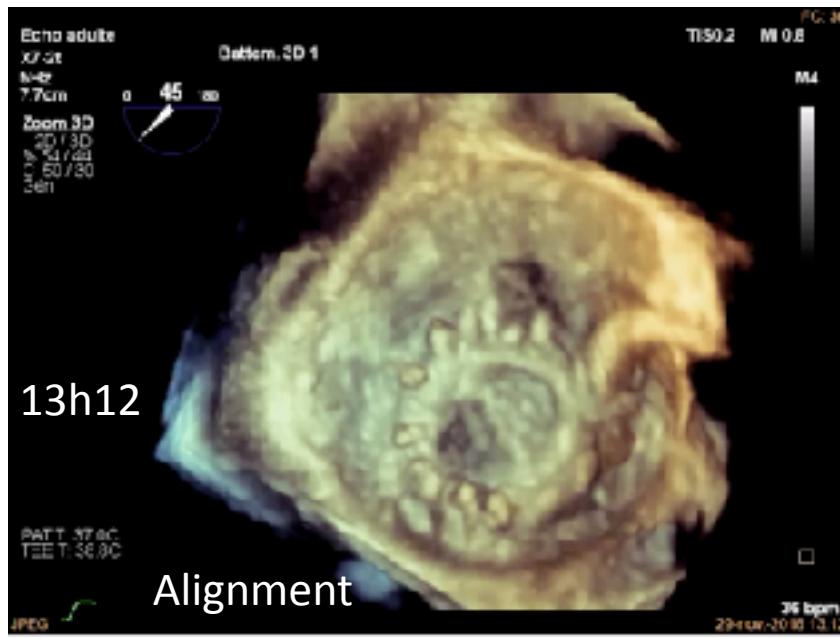
3DTEE pre-procedural

High 3D Imaging frame,  
In face view



Serial testing : AVPII, ASD, PDA, AVPIII

Operators: Dr Victor Tadros Dr Sebastien Armero Dr Vlad Ciobotaru



Operators: Dr Victor Tadros Dr Sebastien Armero Dr Vlad Ciobotaru



Available online at  
**ScienceDirect**  
www.sciencedirect.com

Elsevier Masson France  
**EM|consulte**  
www.em-consulte.com/ffpp



CLINICAL RESEARCH

## Multimodality imaging guidance for percutaneous paravalvular leak closure: Insights from the multi-centre FFPP register



*Imagerie multi-modalités des fuites paravalvulaires : données de l'observatoire multicentrique FFPP*

Sébastien Hascoet<sup>a,\*</sup>, Grzegorz Smolka<sup>b</sup>,  
François Bagate<sup>c,d</sup>, Julien Guihaire<sup>a</sup>, Agathe Potier<sup>a</sup>,  
Khaled Hadeed<sup>e</sup>, Yoan Lavie-Badie<sup>f</sup>,  
Hélène Bouyaist<sup>g</sup>, Claire Dauphin<sup>h</sup>, Fabrice Bauer<sup>i</sup>,  
Mohammed Nejjari<sup>j</sup>, Remy Pillière<sup>c</sup>, Eric Brochet<sup>k</sup>,  
Lionel Mangin<sup>l</sup>, Guillaume Bonnet<sup>m</sup>, Vlad Ciobotaru<sup>n</sup>,  
Guillaume Leurent<sup>o</sup>, Najib Hammoudi<sup>p</sup>,  
Adel Aminian<sup>q</sup>, Clément Karsenty<sup>p,f,r</sup>,  
Christian Spaulding<sup>r</sup>, Sébastien Armero<sup>s,t</sup>,  
Frédéric Collet<sup>s</sup>, Didier Champagnac<sup>u</sup>,  
Julien Ternacle<sup>d</sup>, Martin Kloeckner<sup>a</sup>,  
Benoit Gerardin<sup>a</sup>, Marc-Antoine Isorni<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Faculté de médecine Paris-Sud, hôpital Marie Lannelongue, université Paris-Sud, Paris Saclay, 92350 Le Plessis-Robinson, France

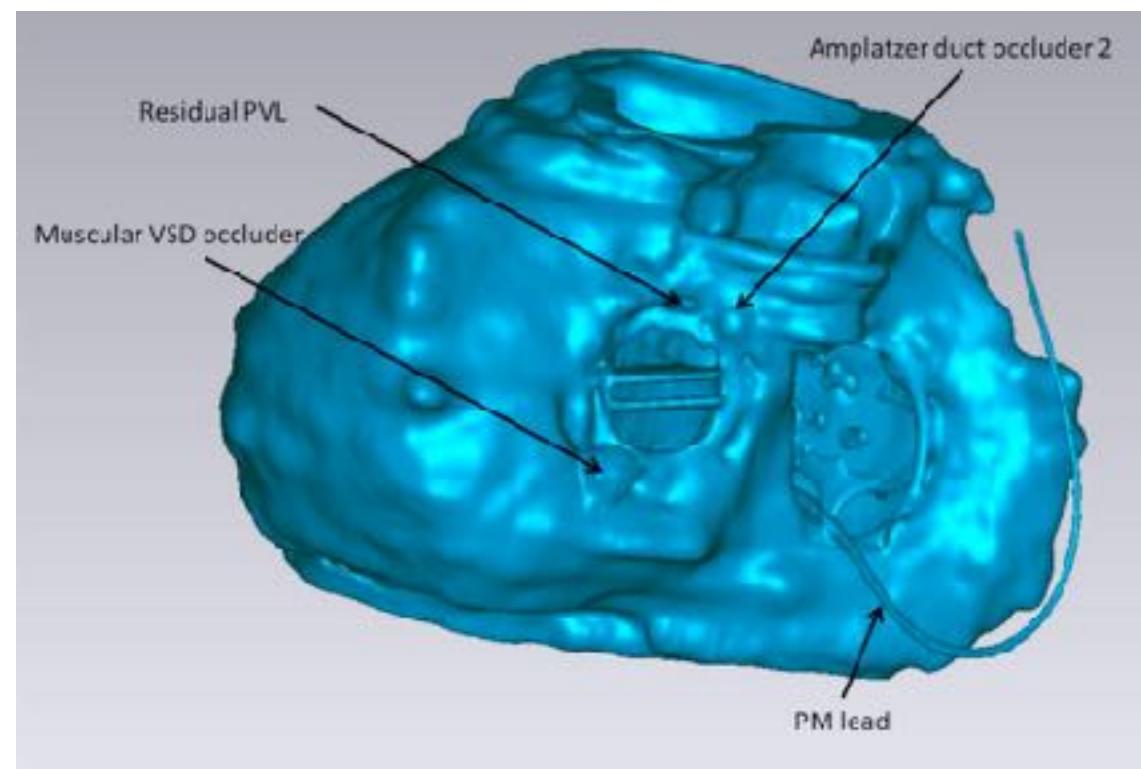
<sup>b</sup> Department of cardiology, medical university of Silesia, 40055 Katowice, Poland

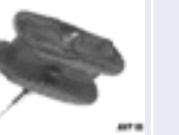
<sup>c</sup> Centre de réadaptation et d'intervention cardio-vasculaire, clinique Ambroise-Paré, 92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine, France

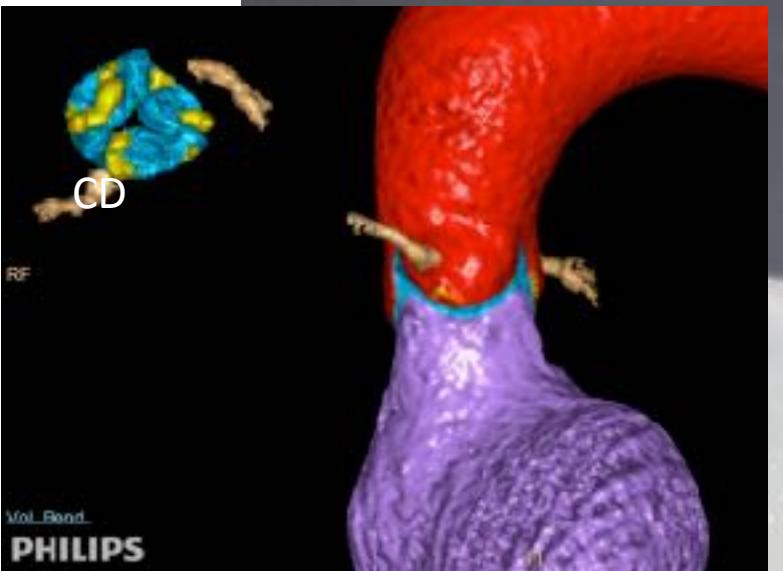
<sup>d</sup> Hôpital Henri-Mondor, cardiologie, Assistance publique des Hôpitaux de Paris, Inserm U955, 94010 Créteil, France

<sup>e</sup> Hôpital des enfants, cardiologie pédiatrique, centre hospitalier universitaire de Toulouse, 31059 Toulouse, France

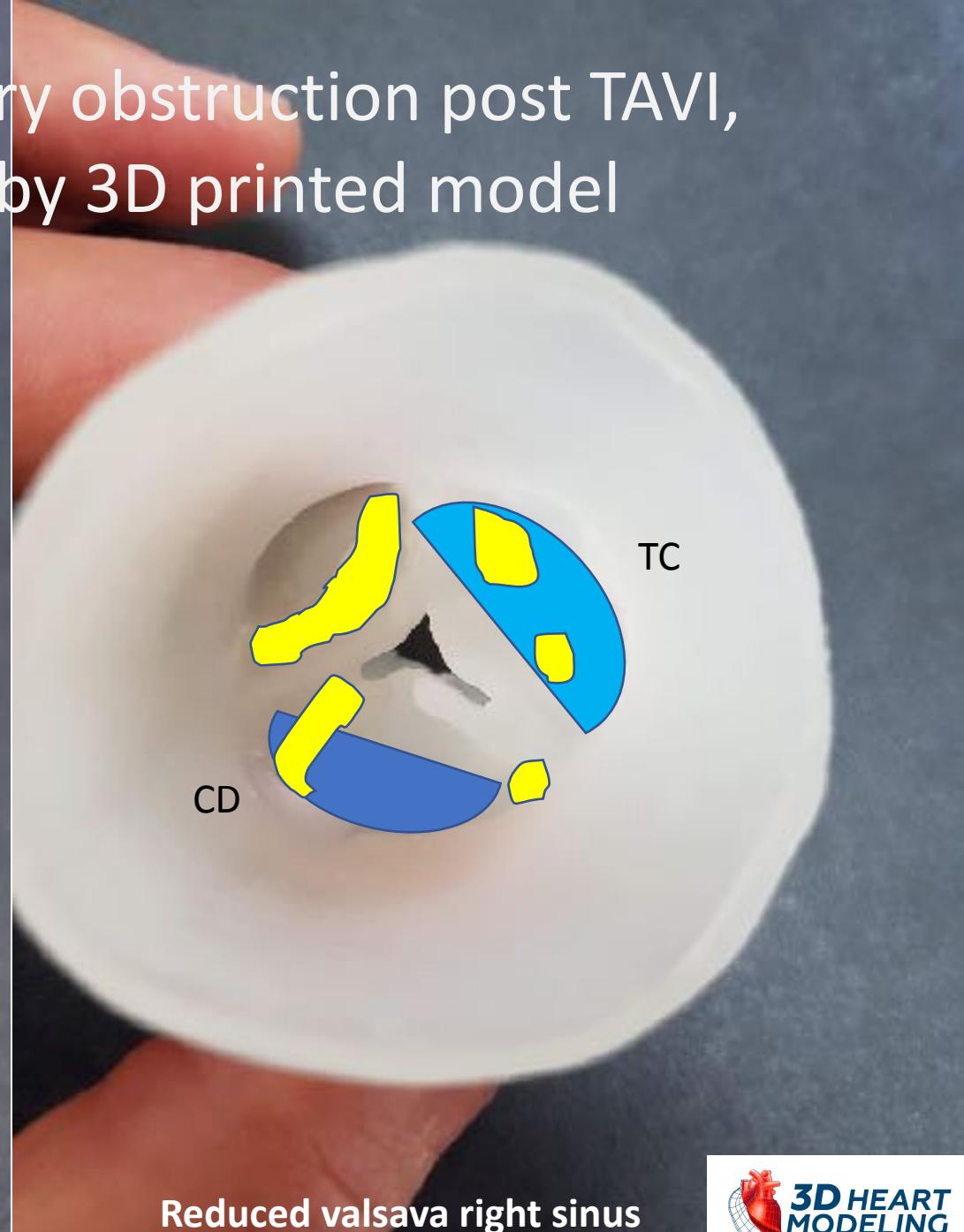
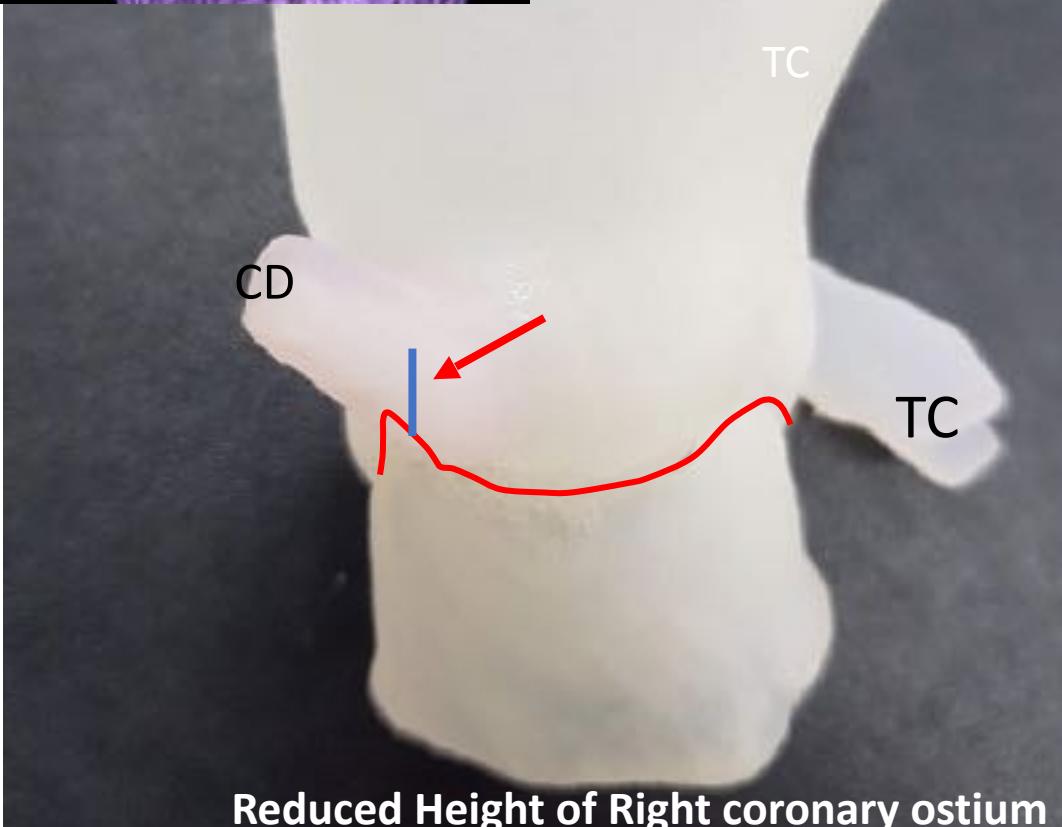
## “FFPP-Print” Registry



FFPP-Print Registry	Pre-tested	3D printing Choice	Implanted	Removed	Final Choice	Time	
Case 1 PVL Mitral		AVPII, ASD, PDA, AVPIII 10/14 	AVPIII 	AVPIII 12mm	0	AVPIII 	57min
Case 2 PVL Mitral		AVPII AVPIII 9/14 ASD 	AVPIII 	AVPIII +AVPII 	ASD 	AVPIII+ AVPII 10/12mm 	100min
Case 3 PVL Aortic		AVPIIAVPIII 10/14 	none	AVPIII 10/14 	AVPIII14 	AVPIII  Emergency surgery: disc blocked	105min
Case 4 IVC postTAVI		AVPIII AVPII VSD8/12/16mm 	VSD16mm 	VSD8mm 16mm 	VSD8mm 	VSD16mm 	90min
Case 5 PVL Aortic		AVPII 8/12mm 	AVPII 	AVPII	0	AVPII 	50min



# Risk of coronary obstruction post TAVI, predicted by 3D printed model



JACC: CARDIOVASCULAR IMAGING  
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PUBLISHED BY ELSEVIER

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<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcmg.2017.05.002>

**EDITORIAL COMMENT**

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## 3-Dimensional-Printed Models for TAVR Planning



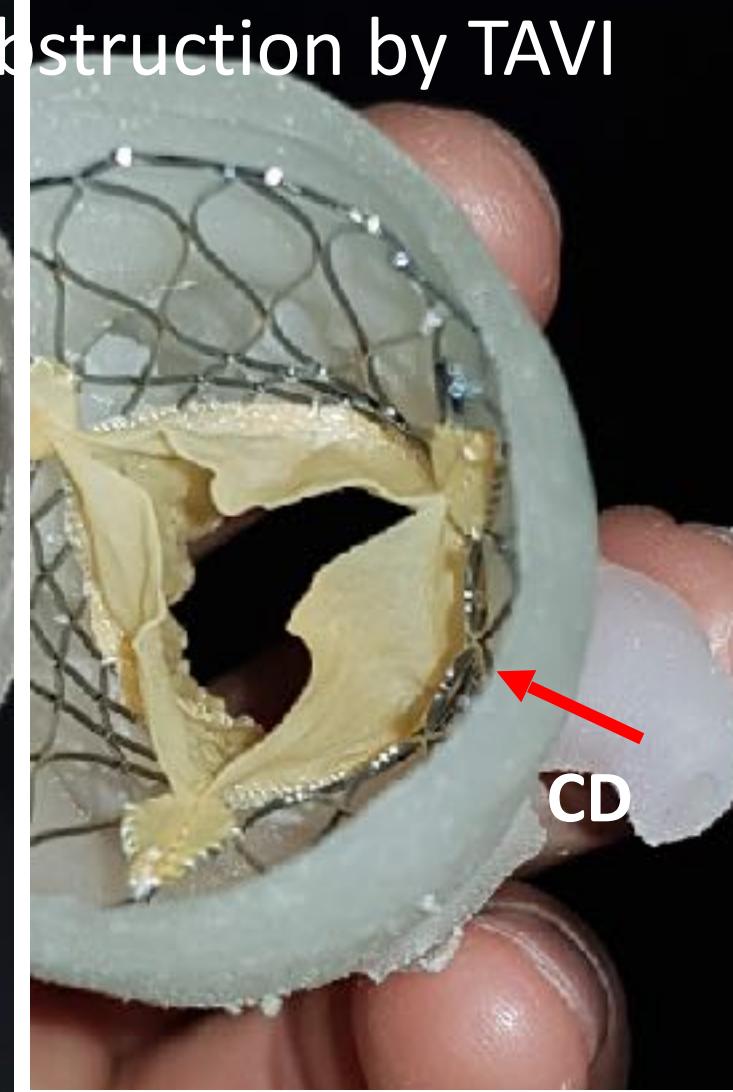
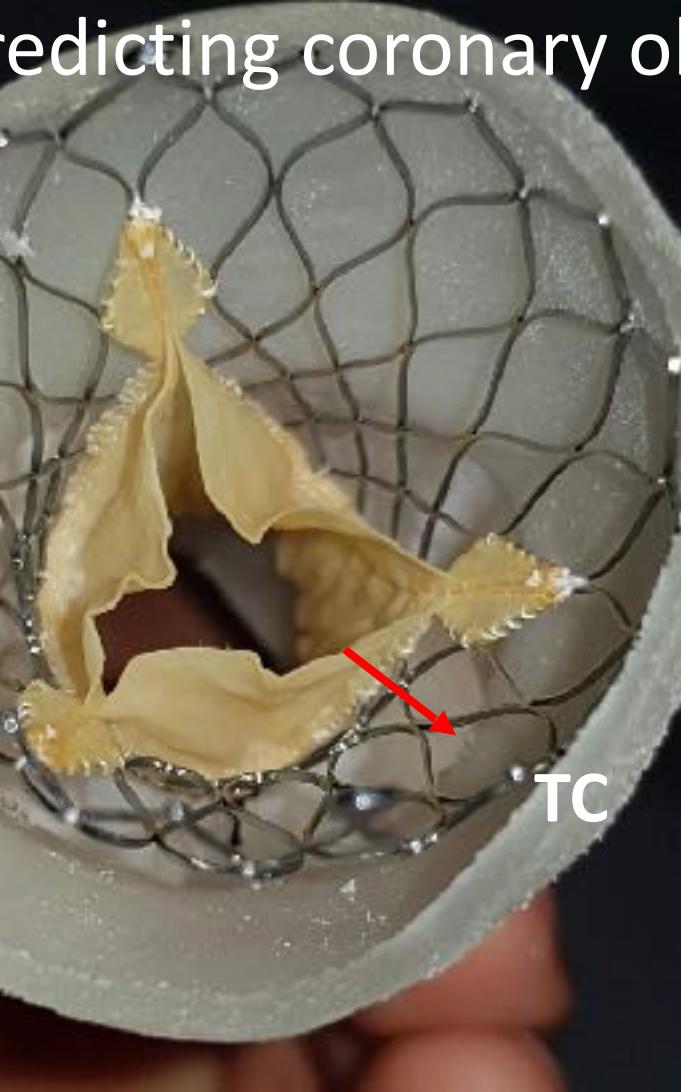
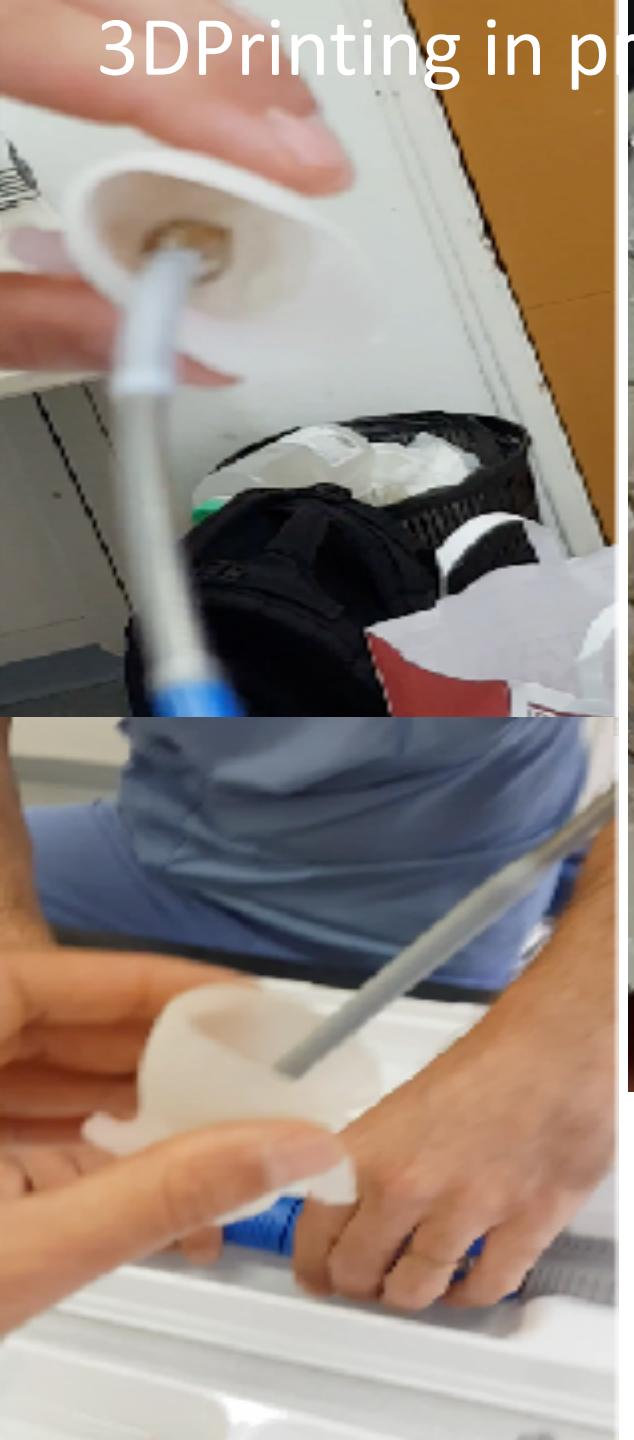
CrossMark

### Why Guess When You Can See?\*

Medtronic  
Evolut<sup>R</sup> N°26

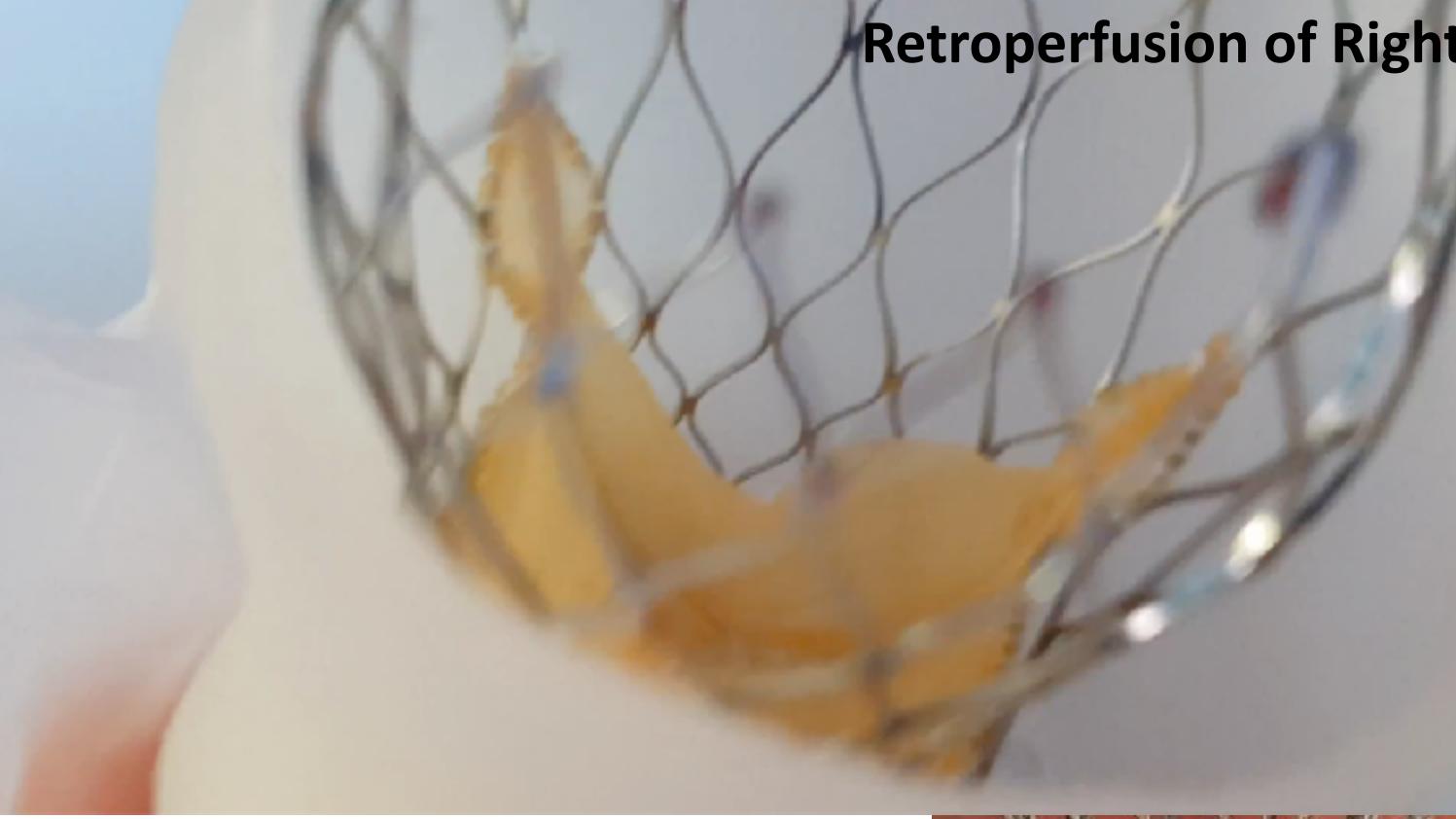
Check  
For Implantation  
depth

3DPrinting in predicting coronary obstruction by TAVI



Coronary neosinus  
Right neosinus quasi inexistant !!

## Retroperfusion of Right Coronary



Perfusion mark on  
the covering skirt  
below the leaflet  
insertion



Conclusion:  
TAVR Medtronic Evolut 26  
**Induce** right coronary obstruction

# *OUR STRENGTHS*



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## BREVET D'INVENTION

Code de la propriété intellectuelle - Livre VI



### DÉSIGNATION D'INVENTEUR(S)

Vos références pour ce dossier	110177 BT1 FR
N° D'ENREGISTREMENT NATIONAL	
TITRE DE L'INVENTION	
Titre	REPRODUCTION TRIDIMENSIONNELLE D'UN TISSU ANATOMIQUE D'INTERET ET SON PROCEDE D'OBTENTION
LE(S) DEMANDEUR(S)	3D HEART MODELING
DESIGNE(NT) EN TANT QU'INVENTEUR(S)	
INVENTEUR 1	
Nom	CIOBOTARU
Prénom	Vlad
Rue	7 Rue des Tourterelles
Code postal et ville	30132 CAISSARGUES
Pays	FR
DATE ET SIGNATURE	
Signé numériquement par	Subject: FR, CABINET BREV ET SUD; Alain RHEIN (Brev et Sud); Issuer: FR, INPI, INPI-EN-LIGNE 1.1
Date	27 December 2017
Signataire	Mandataire

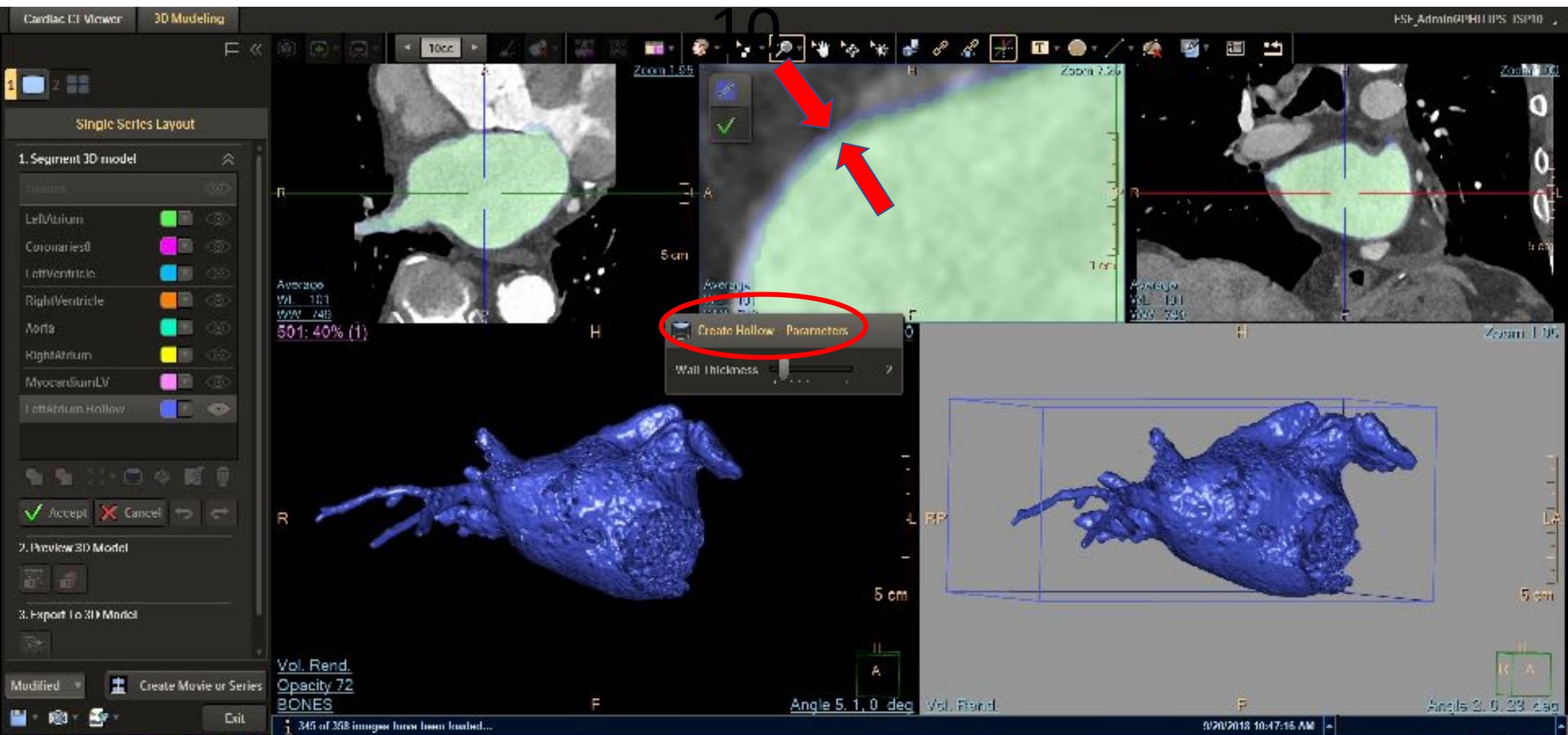
Conformément aux dispositions de la loi n° 78-17 du 06.01.1978 modifiée relative à l'informatique, aux fichiers et aux libertés, vous bénéficiez d'un droit d'accès et de rectification pour les données vous concernant auprès de l'INPI. Les données à caractère personnel que vous êtes tenu(e) de nous fournir dans ce formulaire sont exclusivement utilisées pour identifier le titulaire de la demande et son éventuel mandataire.



AG2R LA MONDIALE

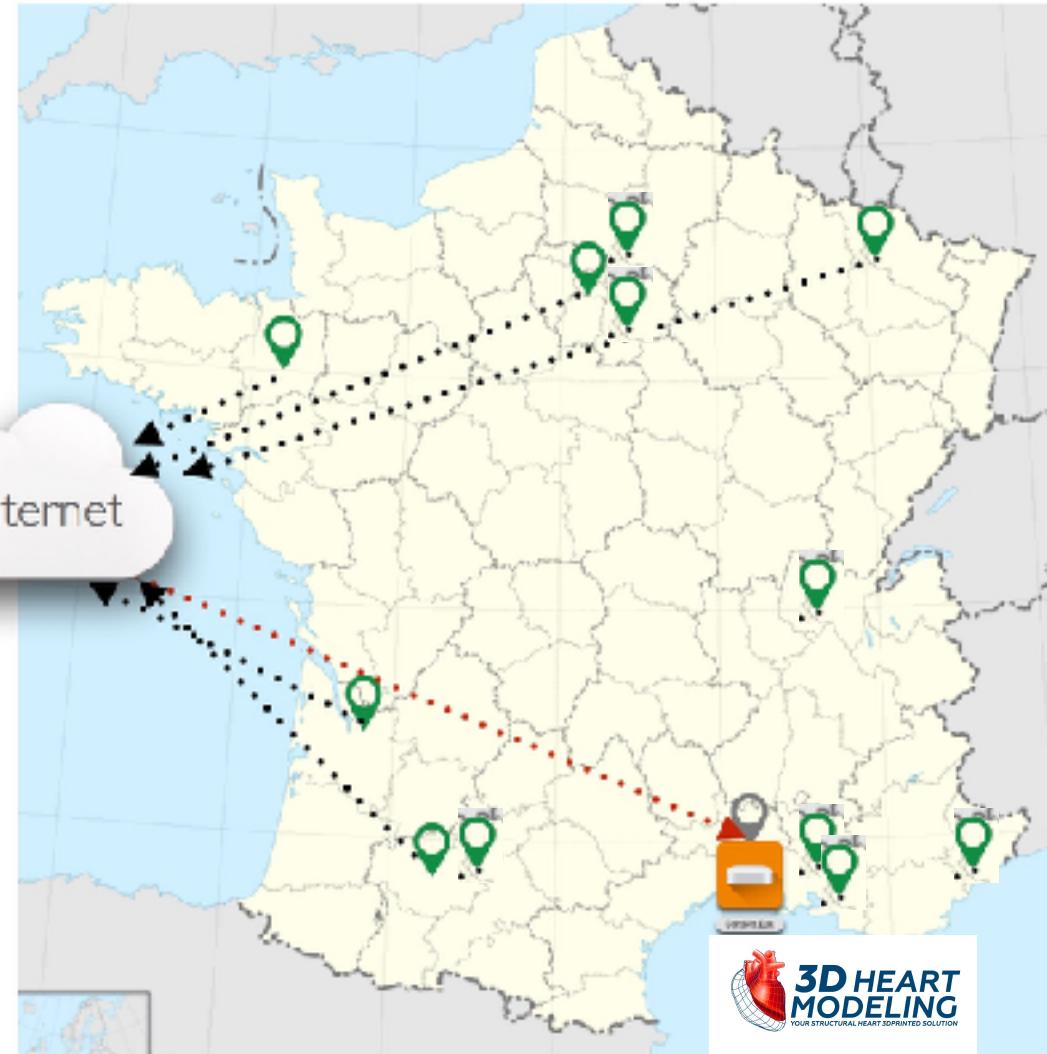
# 3DPrinting ongoing development:

Co-development : Software for STL tools: 3D model ISP10 Philips



# HostData Center

Data flux secured



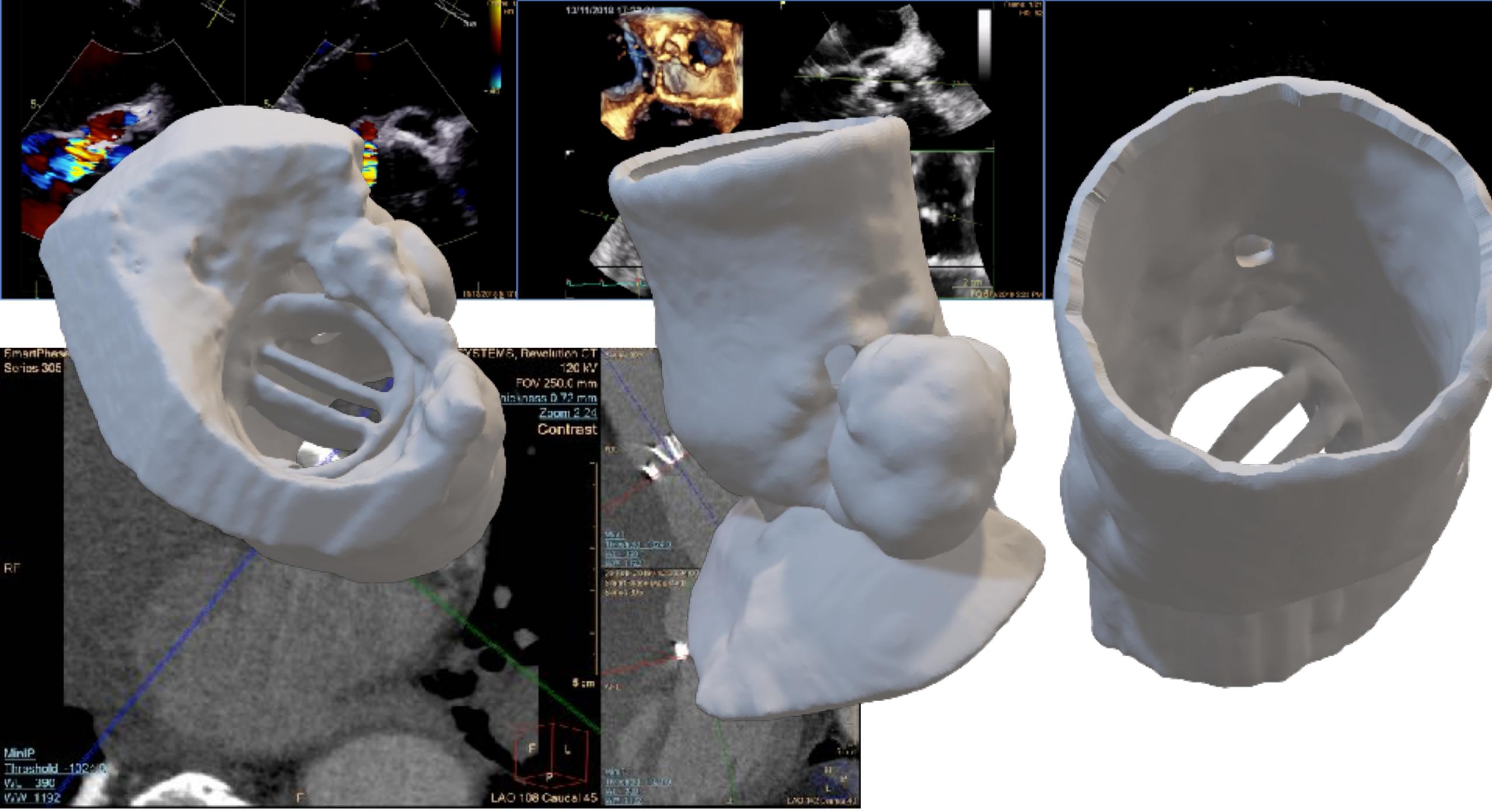
<b>HEGP</b>	CCN
<b>Creteil</b>	Ambroise
<b>MarieLanlongue</b>	Paré
<b>Bordeaux</b>	Lille
<b>Grenoble</b>	Amiens
<b>Toulouse</b>	Rouen
<b>Marseille</b>	Timone
<b>Nice</b>	Millenaire
<b>Nîmes</b>	



SantNet Bo



- Abonnement des examens
- Routage des examens



## AVPII Testing



## AVPIII Testing



## Conclusion:

### The key of a better treatment is anticipation

- Percutaneous procedures are going to increase and need multi modality imaging :
- However, uncertainty may exist in Decision-making process or planning.
- 3D-printed patient-specific adaptive and flexible models improve device sizing, by incorporating all anatomical variations.
- the use of 3D models permits critical preprocedural planning of the optimal procedure. This can potentially lead to improved patient outcomes.
- 3D printing allows a real time devices testing (high predictive value)

*PEOPLE WHO TRUST US*



Jacqueline Saw  
Denver TCT 2017

I used to think of 3-D printing as a toy, but I  
really do think now that there is utility.



Gilles Lévy  
Cardiologie Interventionnelle, Clinique du  
Millenaire, Montpellier

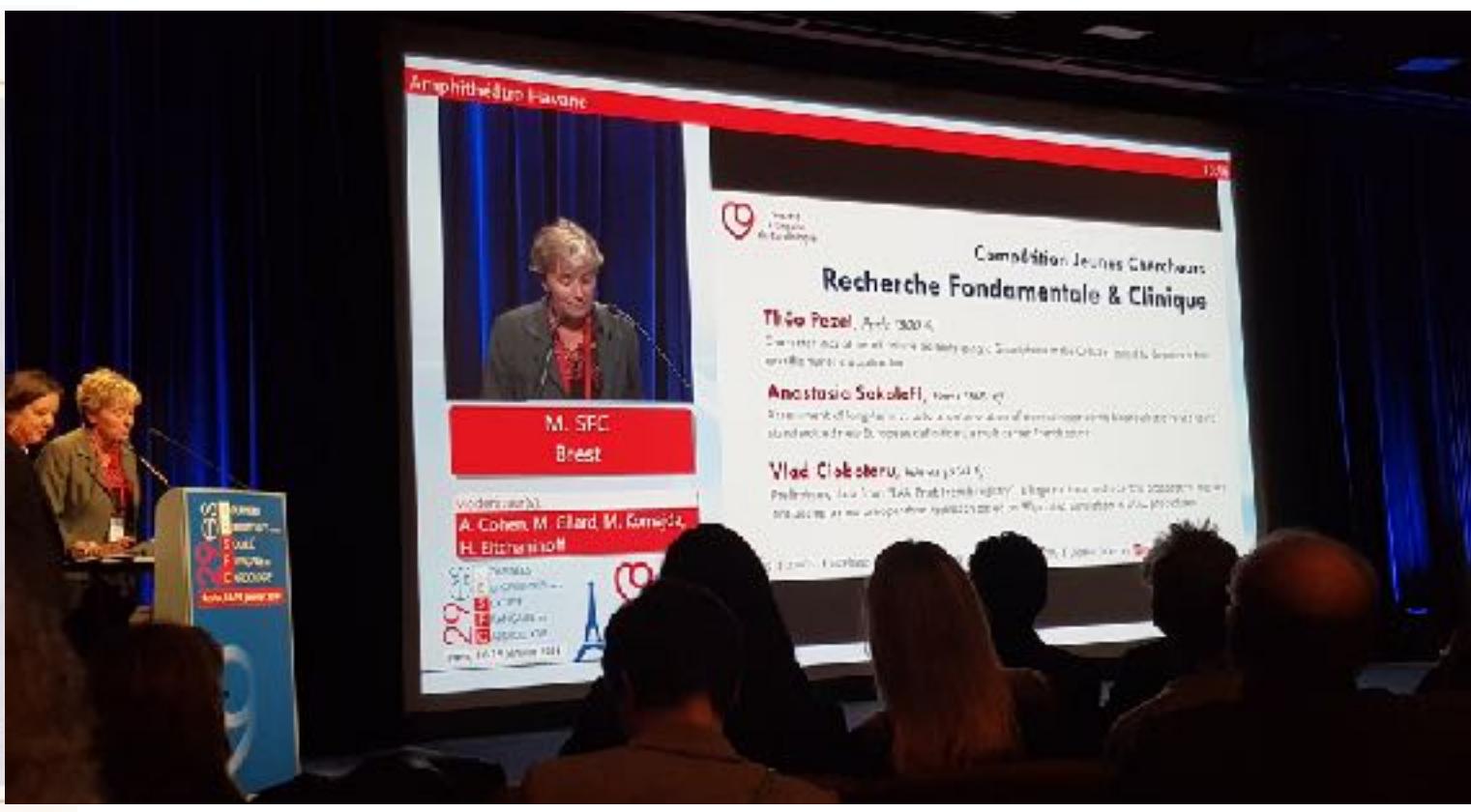
Grand merci pour la pièce anatomique de  
cette anomalie coronaire.  
C'est très didactique.

The background features a subtle, abstract design consisting of concentric, slightly irregular circles. These circles are rendered in a light gray color, creating a sense of depth and motion. Radiating from the center are several thin, curved lines that also follow a similar circular path, further enhancing the organic feel of the design.

AWARDS



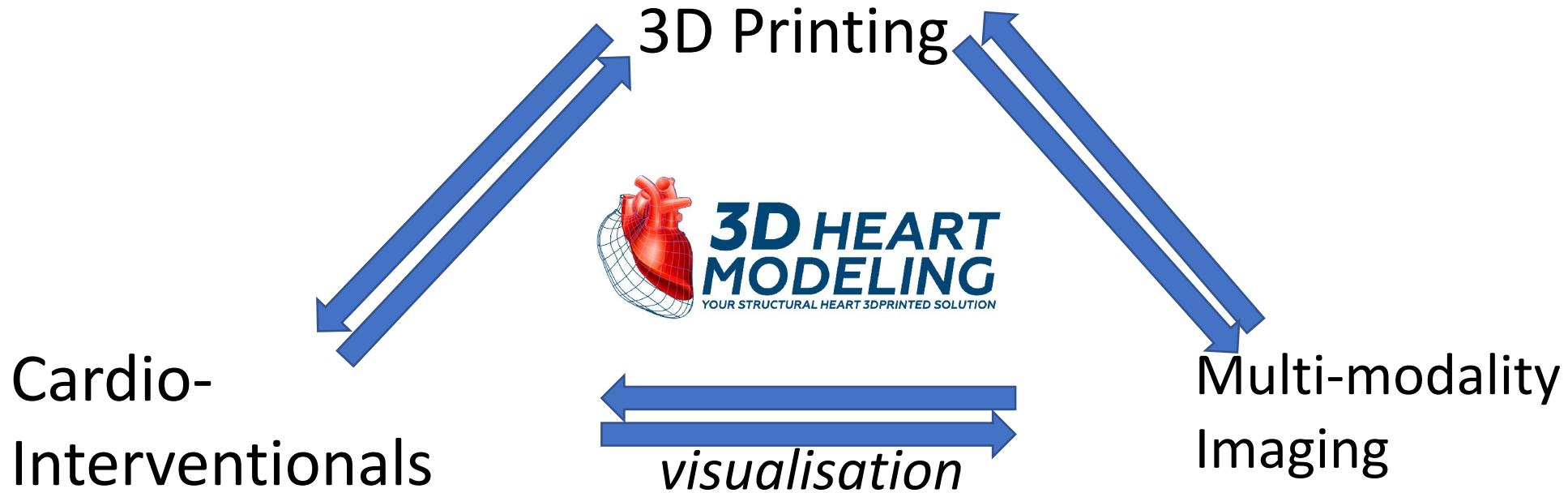
premier prix « e-cardiology »  
ESC2017 Barcelone

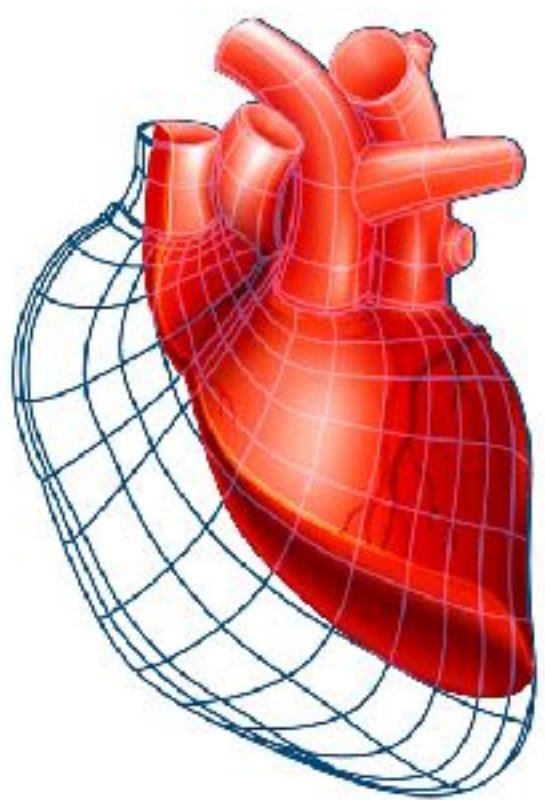


Prix « recherche et innovation » de la SFC2019 pour l'applicabilité de 3D printing en cardiologie

# Conclusion:

3D printing leads to a paradigm shift in operating process





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