

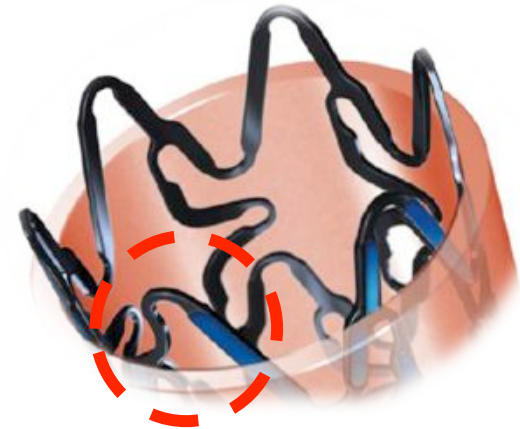


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**“Cre8 polymer-free DES technology:
rationale and pre-clinical data”**

Cre8™: polymer-free DES platform

Polymer-free DES eliminates the renowned drawbacks associated to durable polymers or to the breakdown products of absorbable polymers

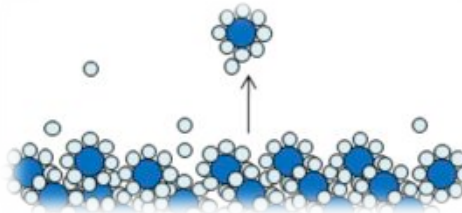


Cre8™ exclusive features:

Abluminal Reservoir Technology



Amphilimus™ Formulation: Sirolimus + organic acid

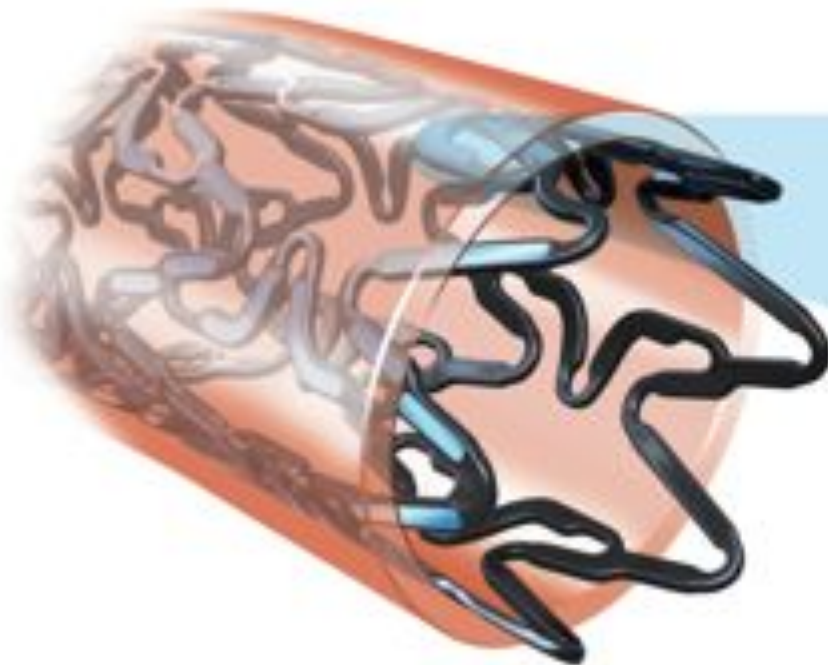


BIS: Bio Inducer Surface



Abluminal Reservoir Technology

Alvimedica utilizes a proprietary polymer-free drug release system constituted by reservoirs on the stent's outer surface



ARTERIAL WALL

Drug elution is controlled and directed exclusively towards the vessel wall



BLOOD FLOW

Lack of any polymer
Lack of any drug

Controlled and directed drug elution

Fick's law

Drug diffusion coefficient

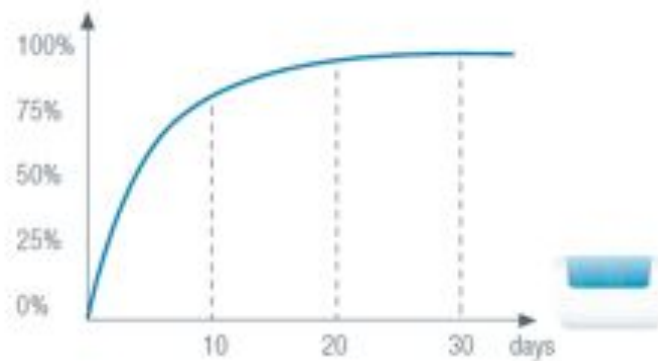
Drug amount released over time

$$\frac{\Delta m}{\Delta t} = -D \cdot A \cdot \frac{\Delta C}{\Delta x}$$

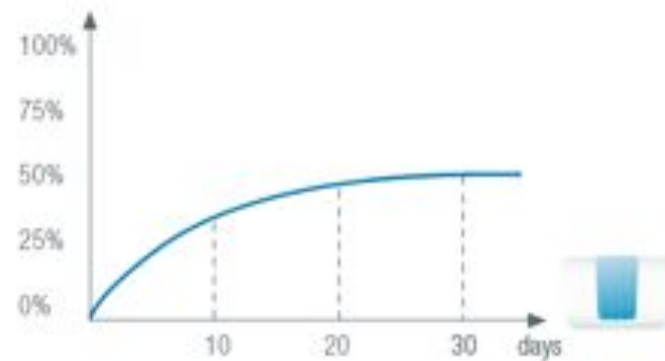
Area of the drug-vessel contact surface

Drug concentration gradient

The amount of drug released overtime is proportional to the area of contact and to the drug concentration gradient



Fast release

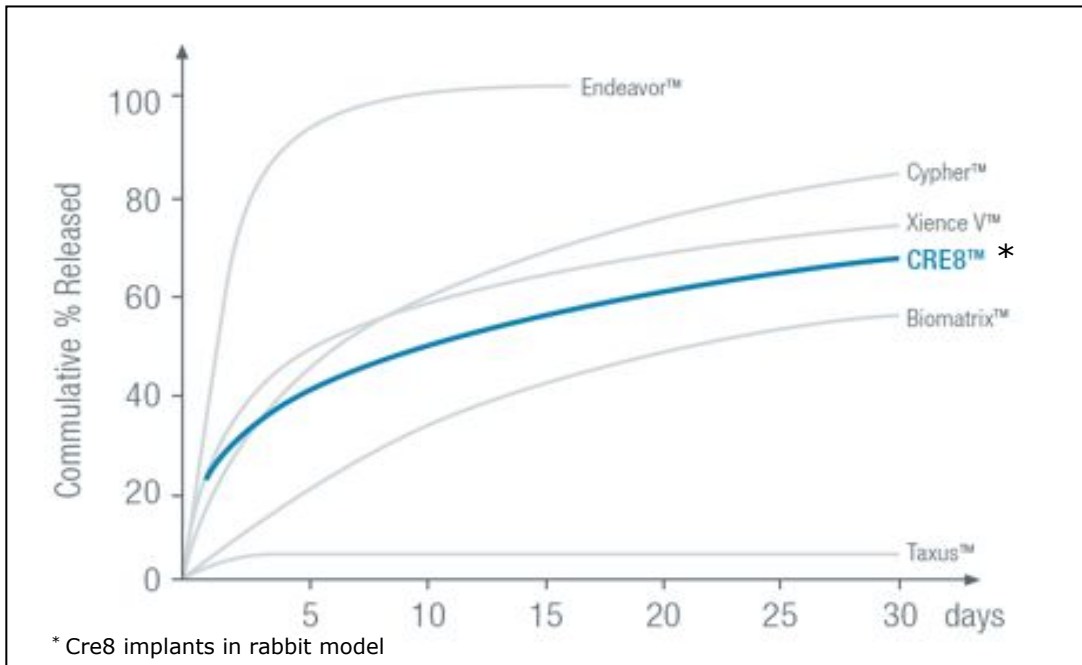


Slow release

The reservoir's design directly impacts on drug amount and release kinetic

Controlled and directed drug elution

The Cre8™ release kinetic has been defined fixing the parameters inside the Fick's law



Fick's law

$$\frac{\Delta m}{\Delta t} = -D \cdot A \cdot \frac{\Delta C}{\Delta x}$$

Drug diffusion coefficient

Drug amount released over time

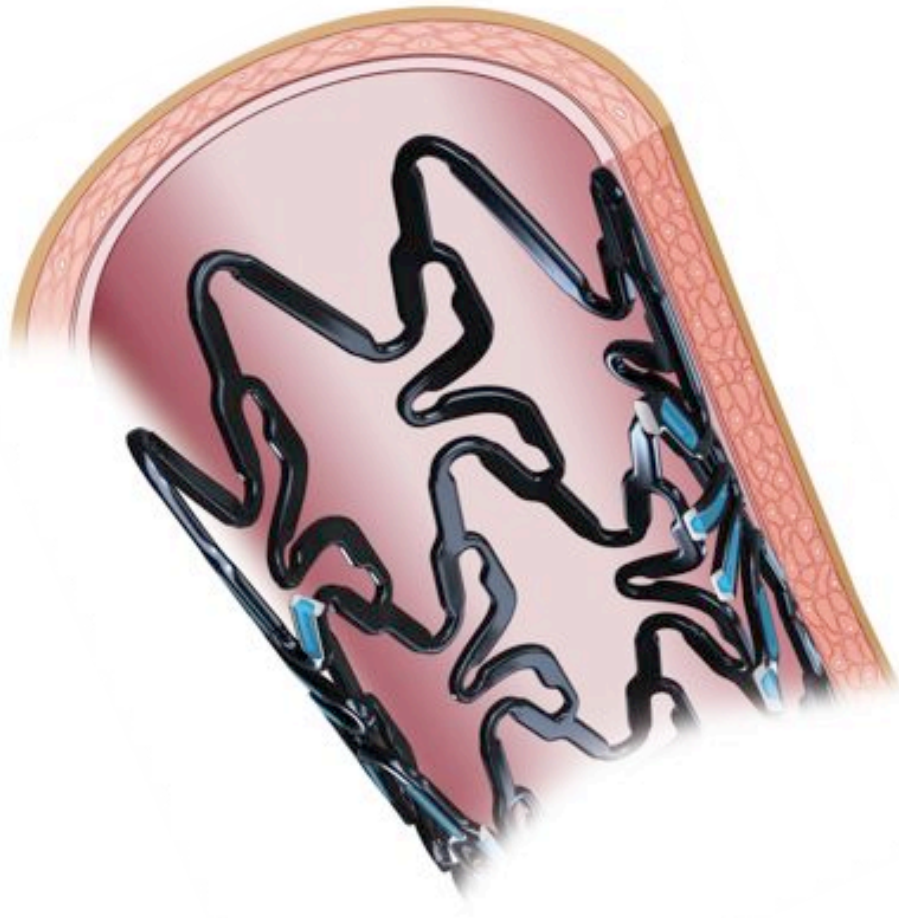
Area of the drug-vessel contact surface

Drug concentration gradient



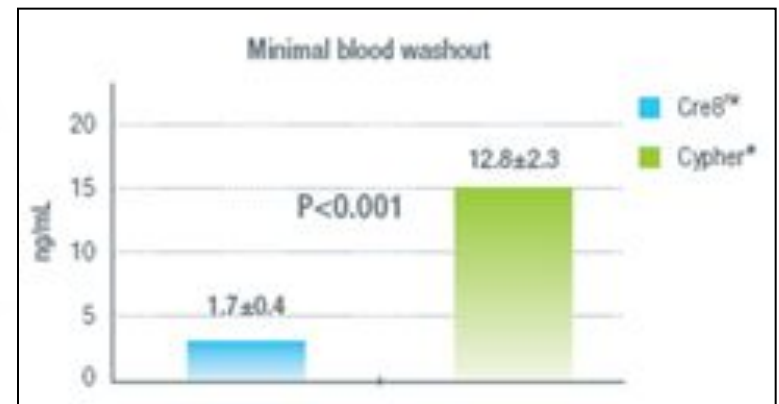
- Peak drug tissue concentration during the first days
- 50% drug elution in approximately 18 days
- 65%-70% drug elution within 30 days
- Complete drug elution within 90 days

Controlled and directed drug elution



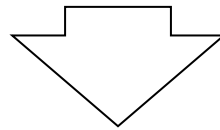
Abluminal release:

- Drug released where needed
- No interaction with endothelialization process
- No drug wash-out



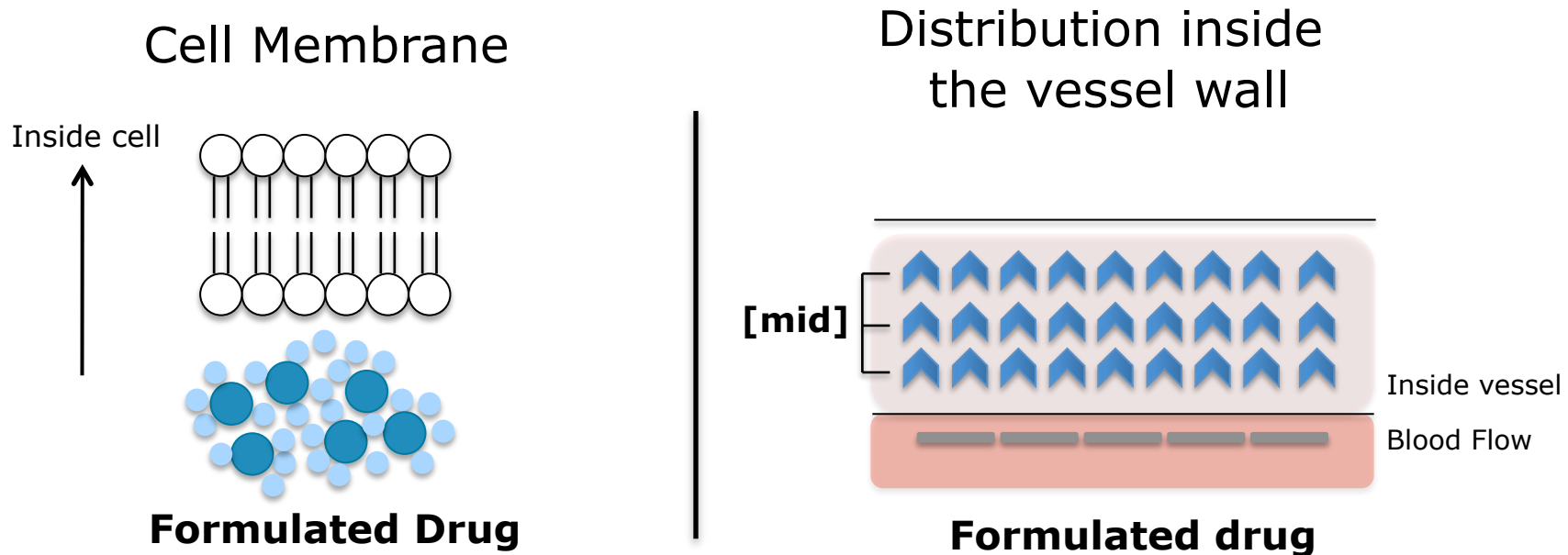
Amphilimus™ Formulation

Sirolimus + organic acid



Specific properties/contributions	
Sirolimus (m-Tor inhibitor drug)	Organic acid (Amphiphilic carrier)
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Immunosuppressant• Anti-proliferative action• Anti-microbial• Inhibitor of inflammatory cell activities• High potency	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sustained drug elution timing• Modulated drug bioavailability• Raised homogeneous drug distribution• Enhanced drug stability

Homogeneous drug distribution



Sirolimus molecule is 4 times bigger than the organic acid molecule

Amphiphilic small molecules are characterized by an excellent permeability through cell membrane that allows an homogeneous distribution and a uniform action on the whole tissue.

Xience (2nd gen DES) efficacy equals Taxus in diabetic patients

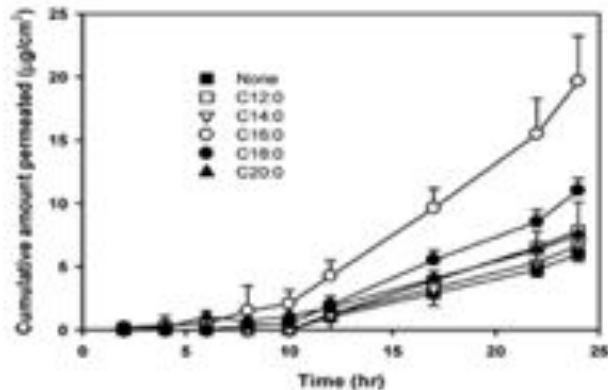
SPIRIT/COMPARE Pooled Patient Level Analysis
SPIRIT II, SPIRIT III, SPIRIT IV, COMPARE (N=6,789)
Interaction between diabetes and stent type on 1-year MACE



Amphilimus Formulation = Sirolimus + Organic Acid (fatty acid)

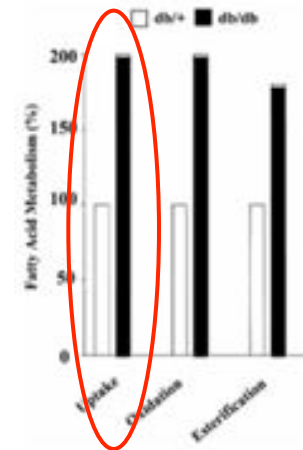
Cre8™ employs a permeation enhancer (fatty acid) in its formulation.

- 1) Fatty acids are used to improve trans-dermal and skin delivery of many different drugs.*



**Drug
+
Permeation enhancer** =

- 2) Cardiac fatty acid uptake is double in diabetic mice model.**



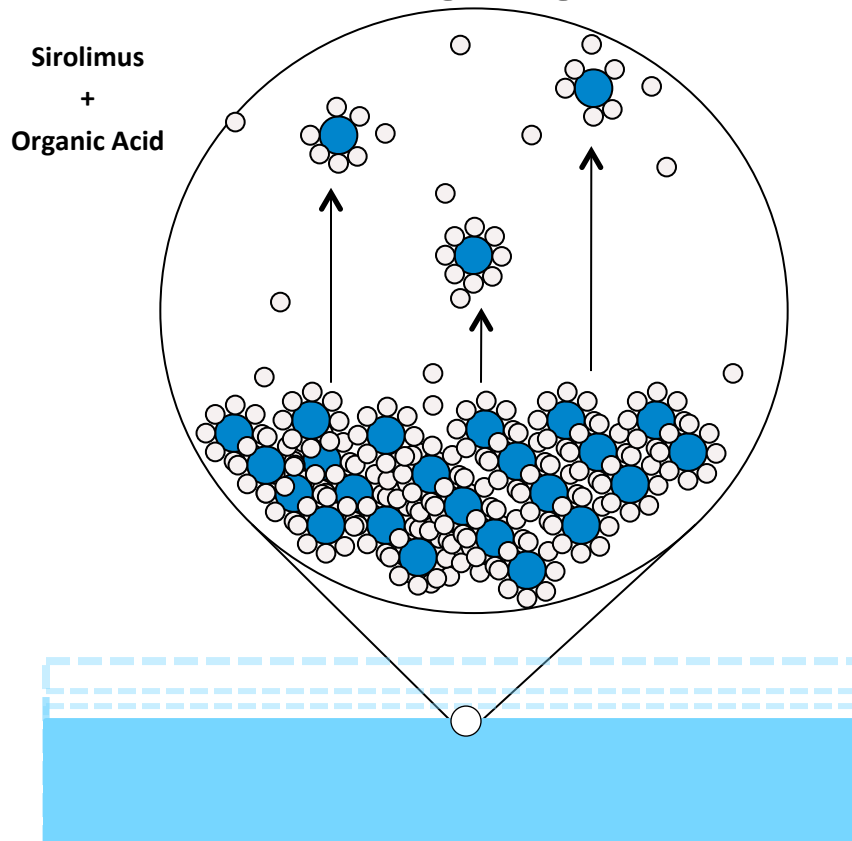
**Increased drug
concentration
(diabetes)**

* Drug Delivery, 15:373-379, 2008

** Cardiac fatty acid uptake and metabolism in db/+ and db/db mice.
Curr Cardiol Rev. 2008 February; 4(1): 12-21

BIS: Bio Inducer Surface

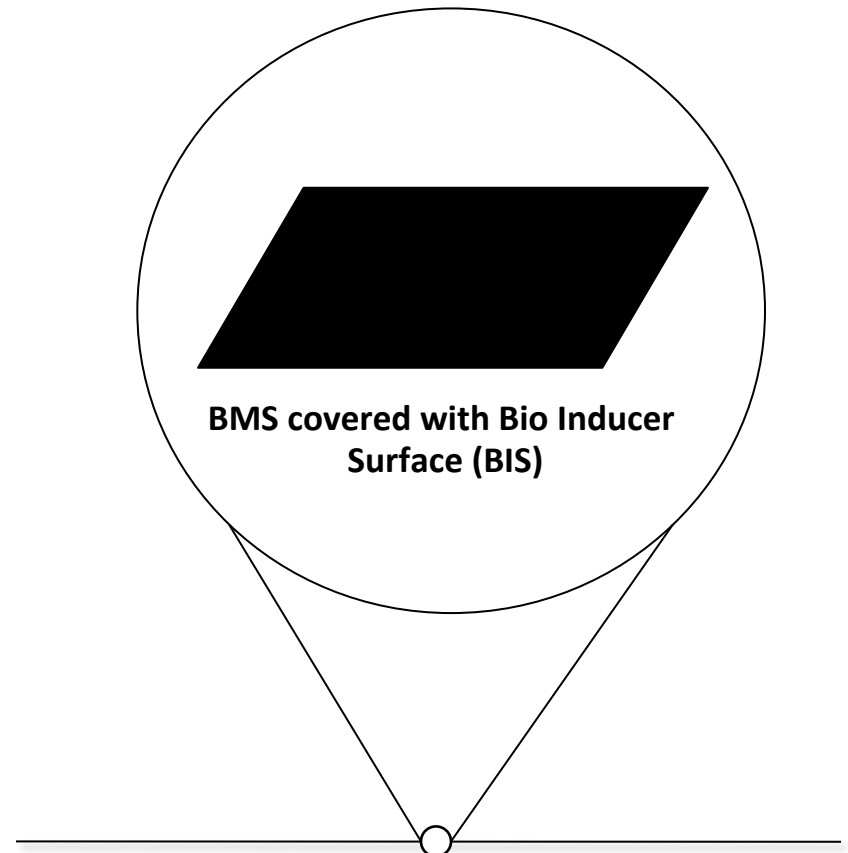
Cre8™ during drug release



CID Amphilimus™ Formulation

- *Sustained drug elution*
- *Modulated drug bioavailability*

Cre8™ after drug release

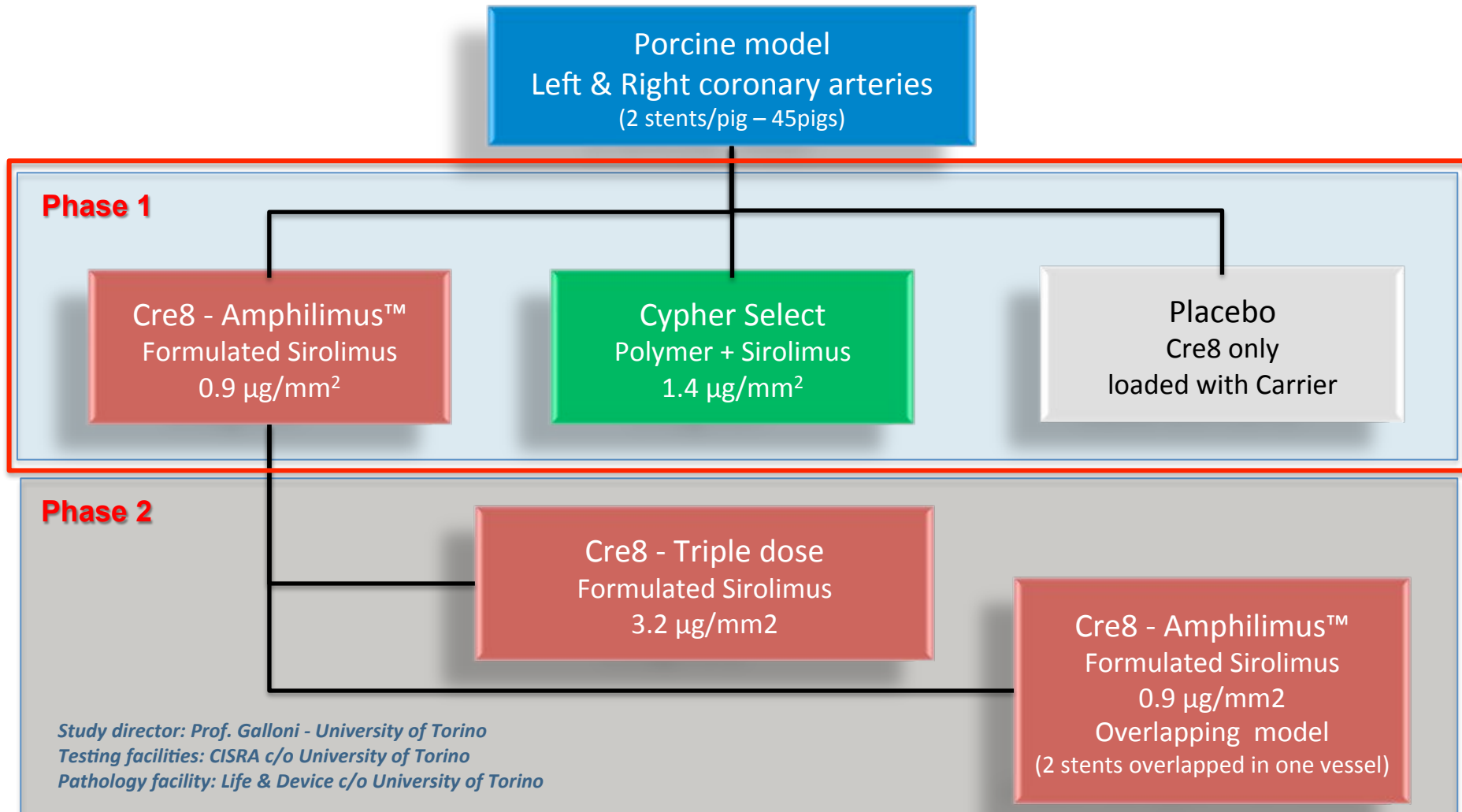


Pure carbon coating

- *Excellent haemo/bio compatible features*
- *No late inflammatory stimuli*

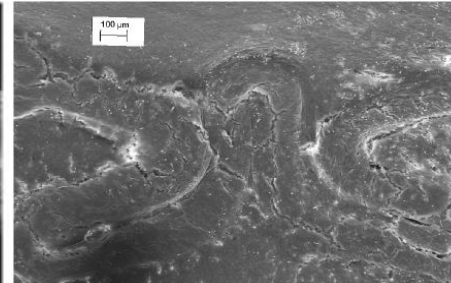
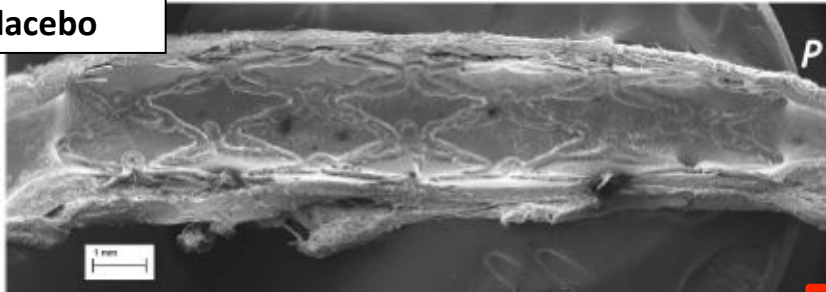
Cre8™ Pre-Clinical studies

Cre8™: Preclinical study in pig model*

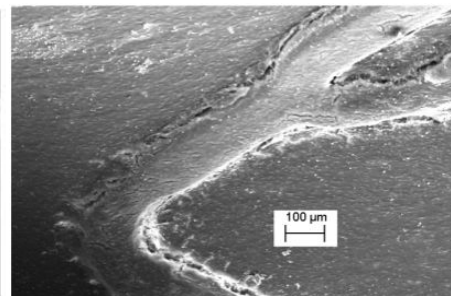
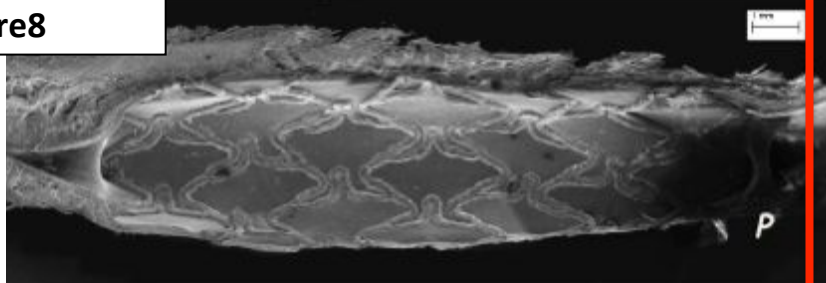


Endothelialization @ 7days*

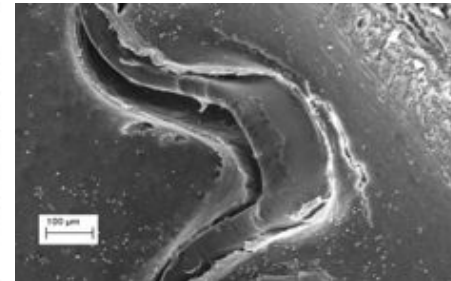
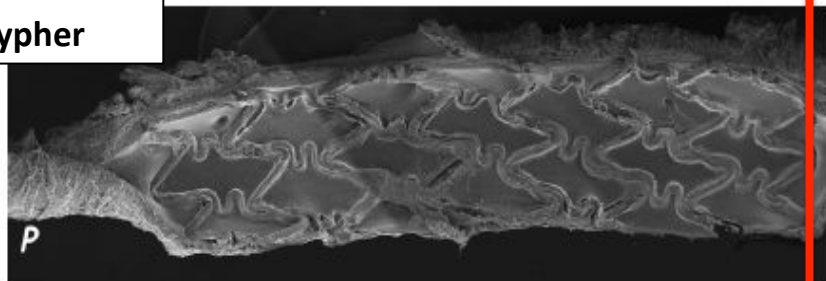
Placebo



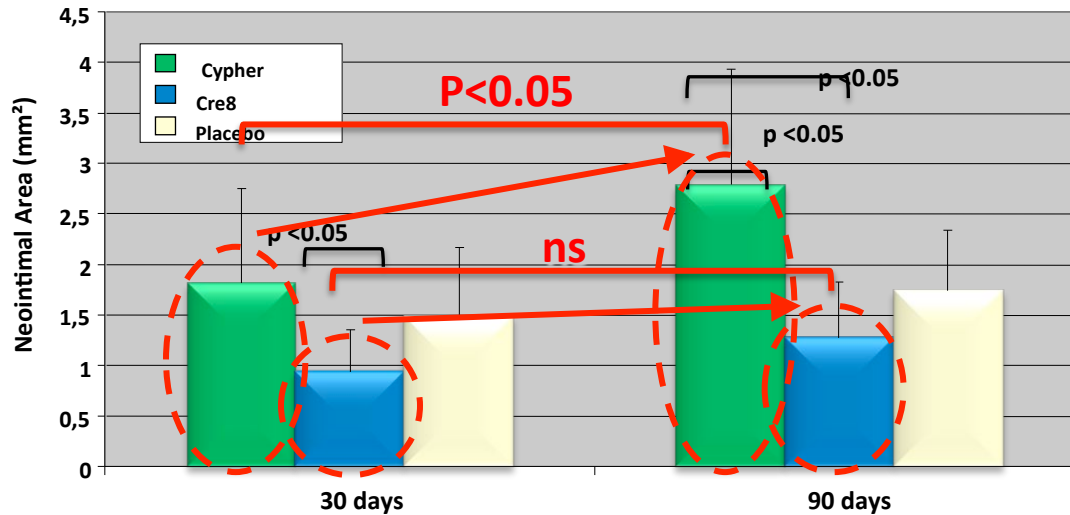
Cre8



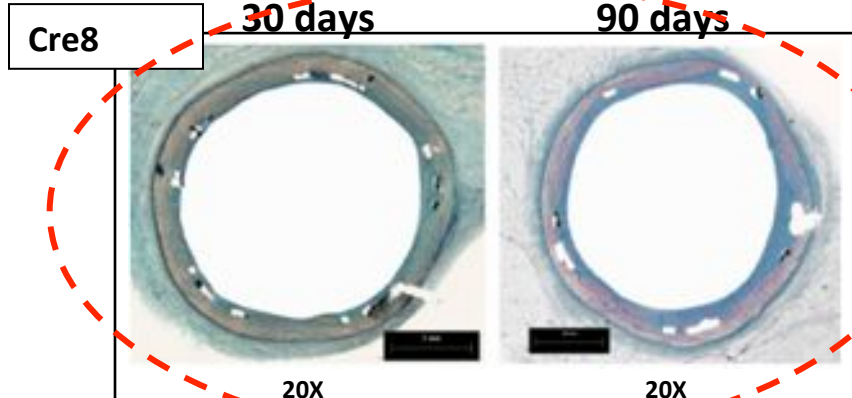
Cypher



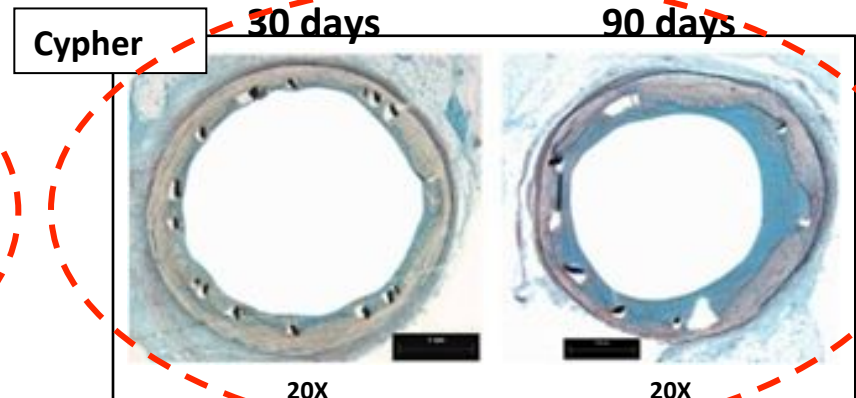
Histomorphometric results*



Stability between 30d & 90d

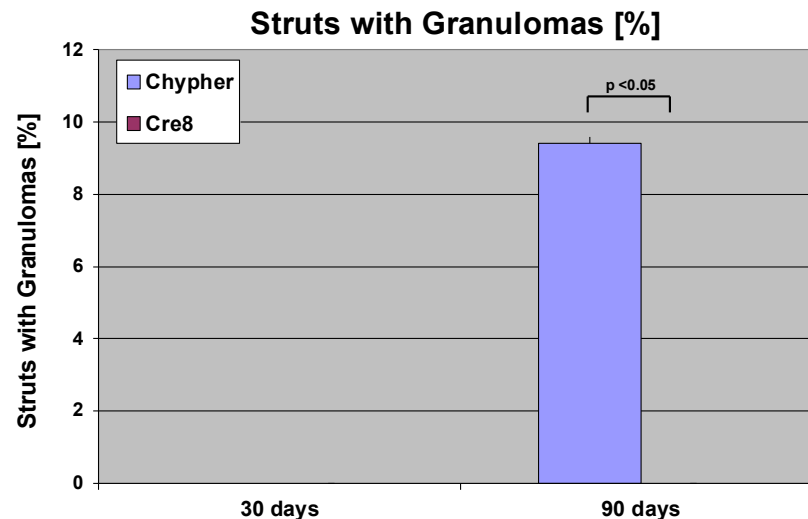
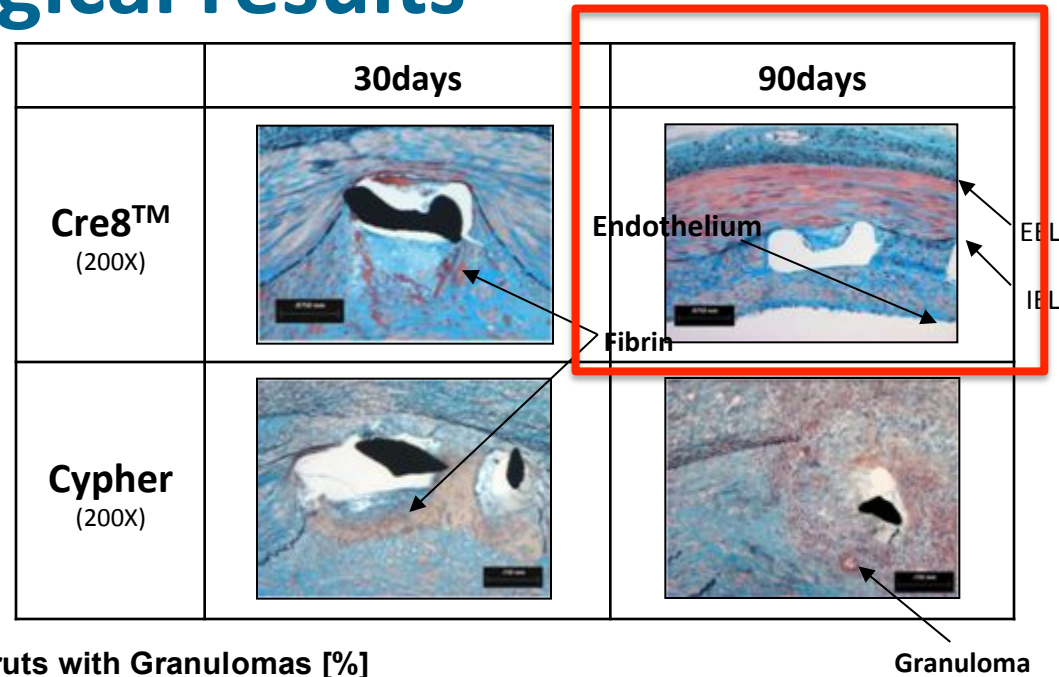


Worsening between 30d & 90d

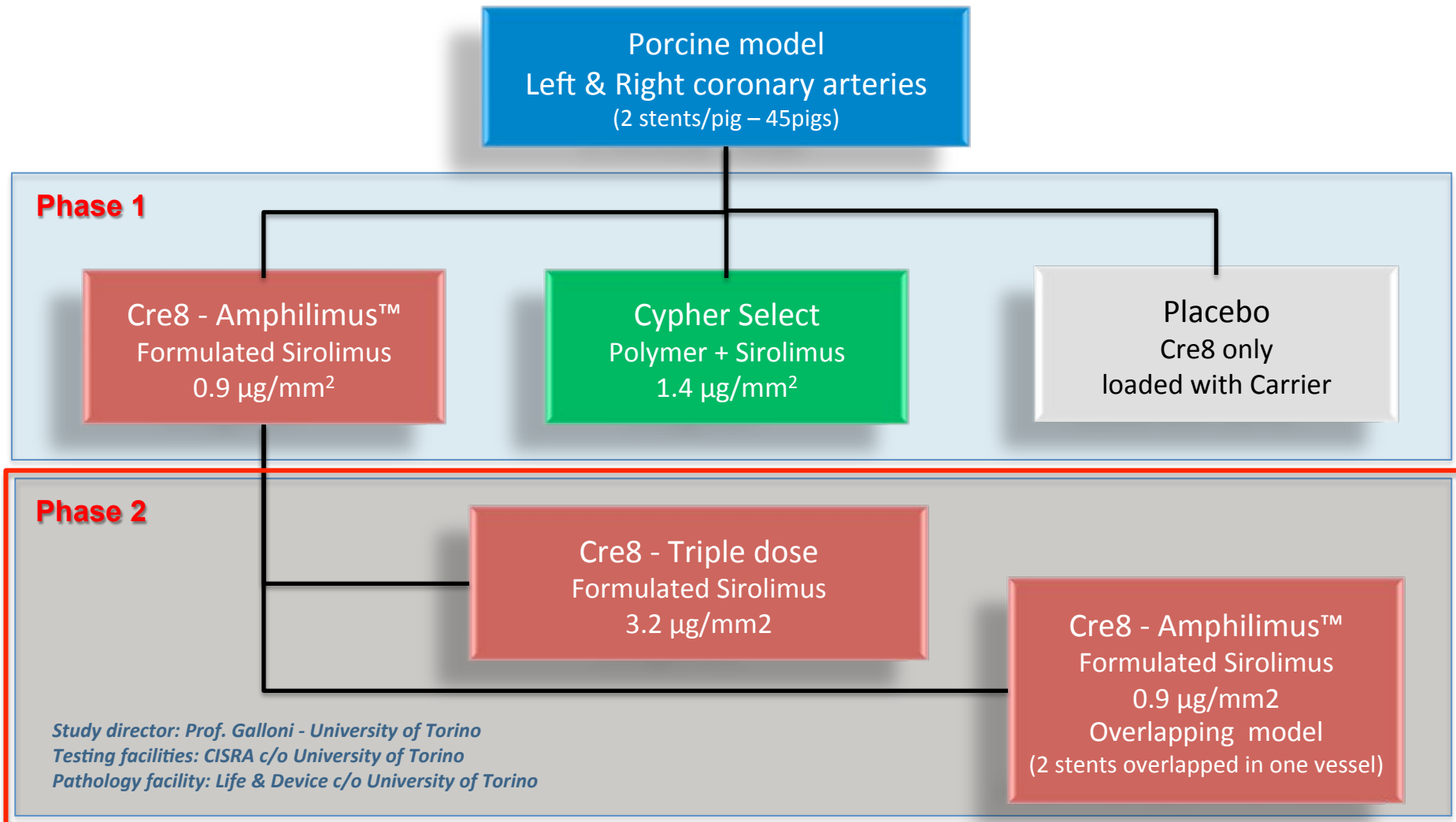


Histological results*

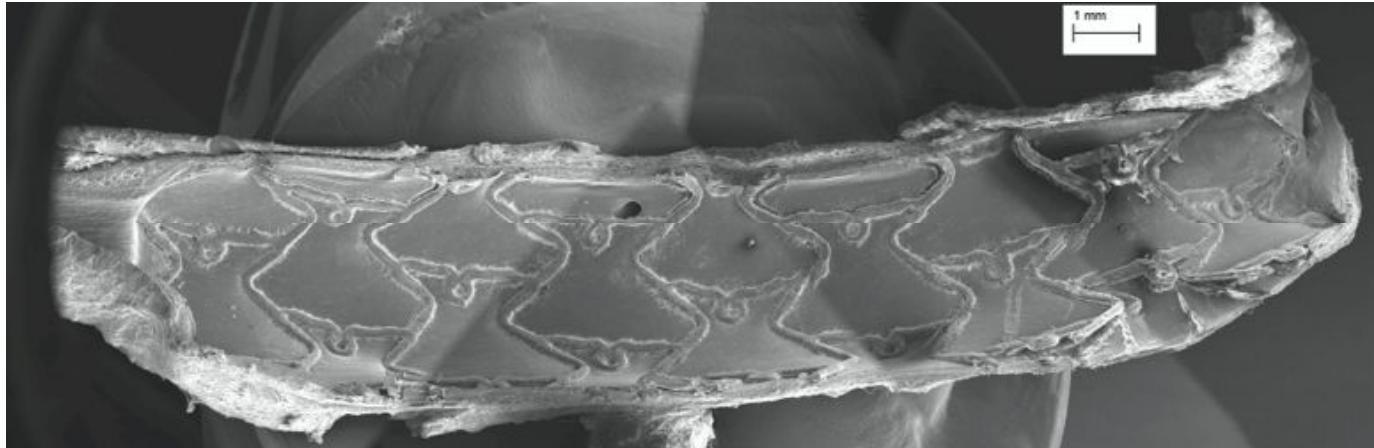
- **Cre8™** = *Negligible inflammatory response at both follow-up times*
- **Cypher** = *Presence of granulomas @90days significantly higher than Cre8™ ($p < 0.05$)*



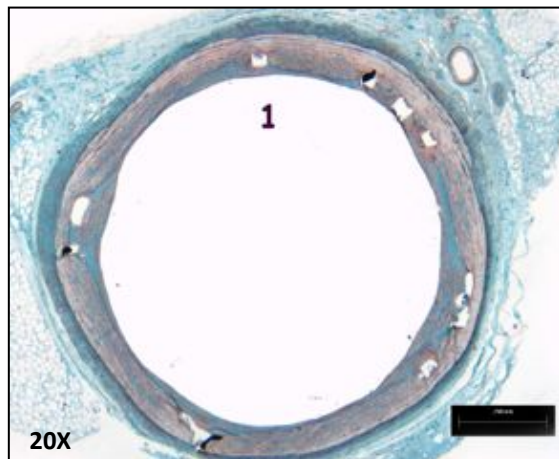
Cre8™: Preclinical study in pig model*



Cre8 – triple Sirolimus dose @ 7, 30 & 90 days



SEM picture: 7 days. Whole stent endothelialized.

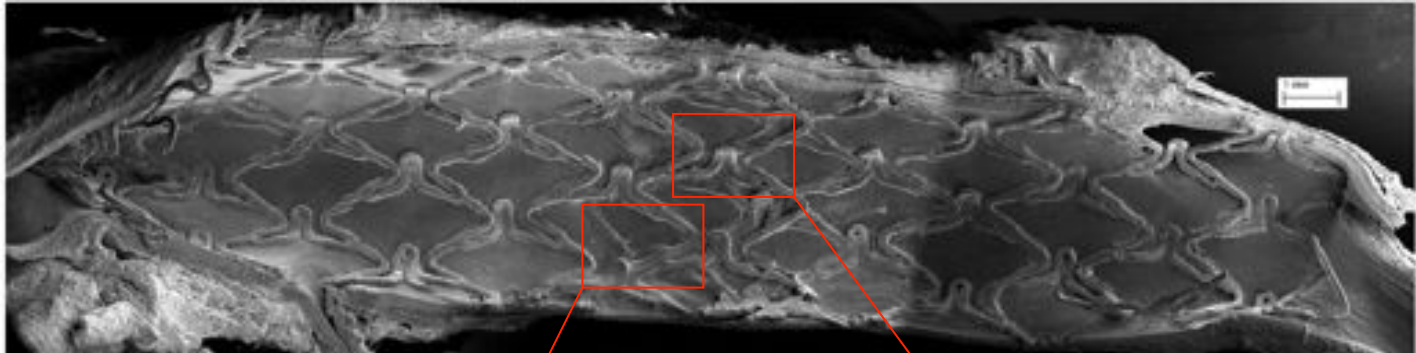


*Histological section at 30 days.
Traces of blood clots and fibrin near stent struts.
Thin neointima.*

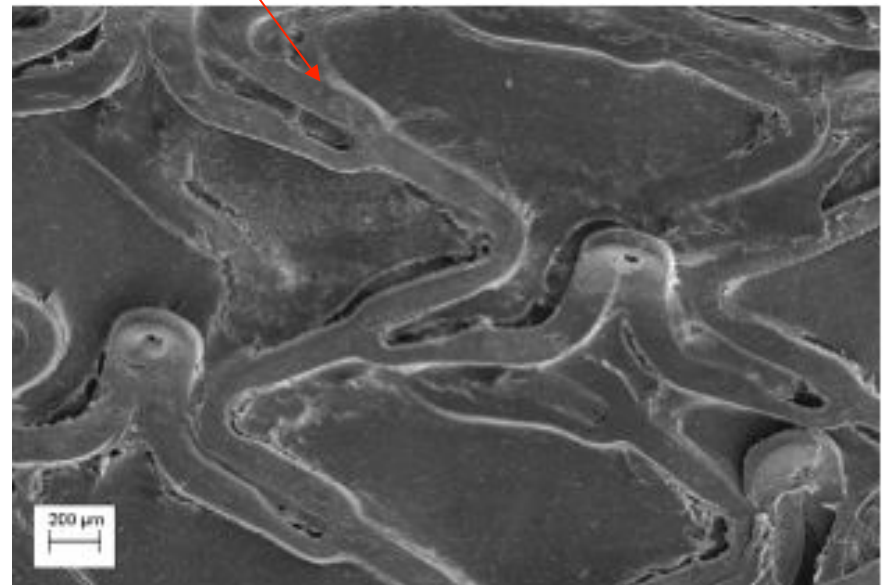
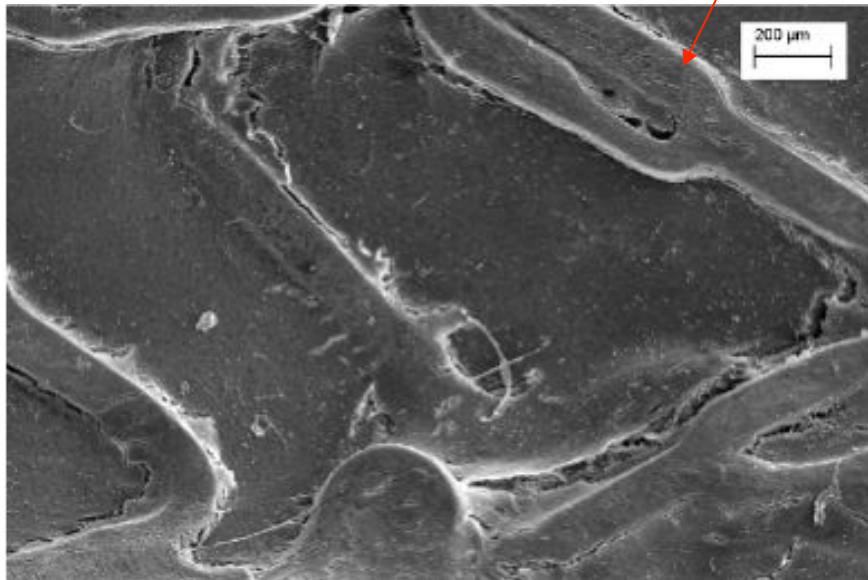


*Histological section at 90 days .
Regular and very thin Neointima , no inflammation
or blood clots.*

Overlapping stent model @ 7 days

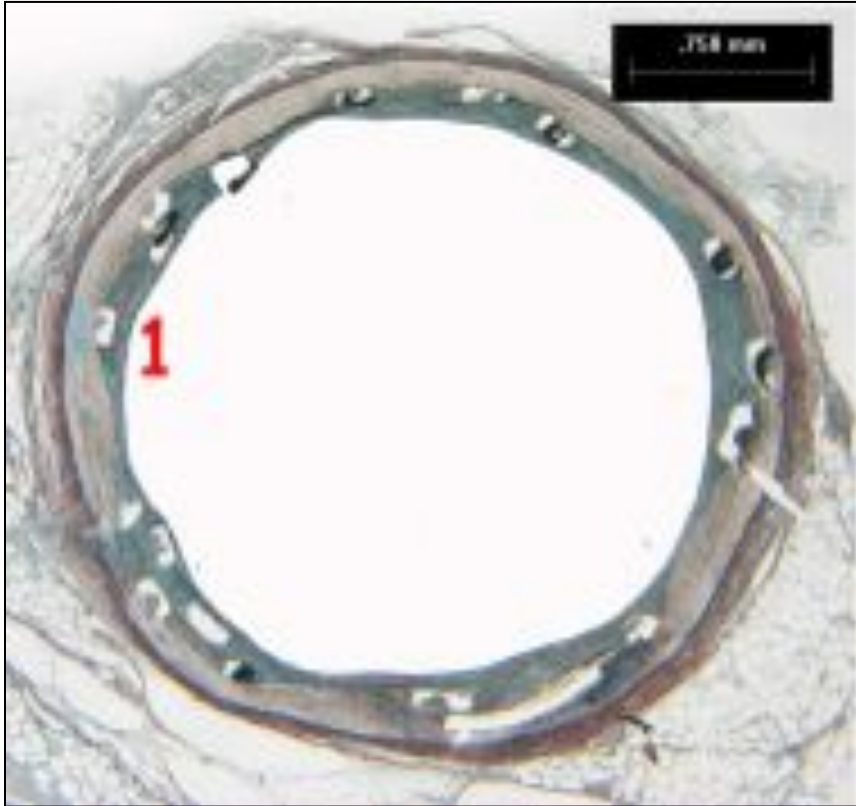


SEM: Whole stent appears endothelialized.



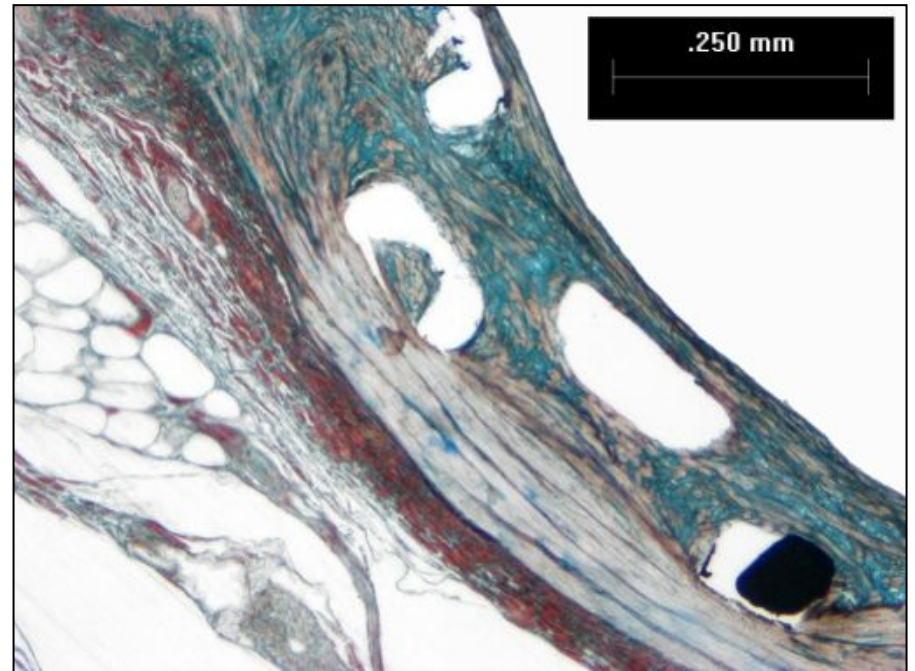
SEM: Magnification of overlapped areas.

Overlapping stent model @ 90 days



*Histological sections at 90 days.
Regular and thin neointima , continuous endothelium.
No inflammatory cells or blood clots.*

*Histological section at 90 days.
Overlapped area magnification.*



Conclusions

The new polymer-free **CID DES technology** proposes a **pioneering solution** – **Cre8™** - which maximizes efficacy and safety from both platform and pharmaceutical perspectives:

➤ **BIS Polymer-free platform:**

- Deep abluminal reservoirs for targeted and prolonged drug elution
- Bio-inducer surface (BIS) coating for excellent blood compatibility and fast device endothelization

➤ **Innovative Amphilimus™ Formulation:**

- First time ever use of an organic acid (amphiphilic carrier) to enhance drug bioavailability, permeability and sustain drug elution over time
- The combination of Sirolimus with an organic acid should contribute to maximize overall safety and efficacy (i.e. diabetics)